

*M. Lumsden, Proprietor
Chief Secretary*

BENGAL



HURKARU.

Volume XI.]

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1805.

[Number 528.]

PUBLIC SALE.

SIXTH DAY'S SALE
OF
Captain Dalrymple's
INVESTMENT,
PER
HONORABLE COMPANY'S SHIP
TOTTENHAM.
To be sold by Public Auction,
BY MESSRS. T. THOMPSON & CO.
AT THEIR NEW AUCTION-ROOM,
(Facing the Naval Store-keeper's Yard.)
To-morrow WEDNESDAY, the 27th Inst.
(WITHOUT RESERVE, AS USUAL)
An extensive and choice Assortment
OF
FRESH
EUROPE GOODS,
SELECTED FROM THE
VALUABLE
INVESTMENT,
IMPORTED BY
CAPT. JAMES DALRYMPLE,
ON THE
HONORABLE COMPANY'S SHIP
TOTTENHAM.
Particulars of which will be published in
Catalogues, and circulated on the Day of
Sale.
All orders will be faithfully Executed.

GOLD
CHRONOMETERS,
IMPORTED PER SHIP
MANGLES,

FOR PRIVATE SALE,
AT THE WARE-HOUSE OF
MESSRS. T. THOMPSON & CO.
TANK-SQUARE,
TWO WARRANTED GOLD
CHRONOMETERS,
BY ERNOLE

The rate of which has been accurately as-
certained, and the Watches proved to be
good ones, on the passage from England, in
the ship Mangles.

WANTED.

ABOUT Thirty Thousand Sicca Rupees,
for the use of the Honorable Com-
pany's Ship LORD ELDON, for Bills on her
Owners in London, at six Months Sight.
Application to be made to her Commander
CAPTAIN SWETE, at his House, No. 17,
Rada Bazar.

Calcutta, February 11, 1805.

TO BE LET.

The HOUSE, for-
merly occupied by Mrs.
ENGEL, and latterly
by C. GARDINER, Esq.
at Chowringhee.

Enquire of C. DAWES, Esq. near the
Mussulman's College, Boitacoonah.

PUBLIC SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction,
BY TULLOH AND COMPANY,
At their Auction-room,
On THURSDAY, the 7th March, 1805,
PRECISELY AT ONE O'CLOCK.
(If not previously disposed of by Private Sale.)
THE FOLLOWING LOTS,
Belonging to
THE ESTATE
OF THE LATE
MR. JAMES MACKAY,
Immediately on the Calcutta Circular Road,
AND
Opposite to one of the intended Cross Roads from
Chouringee,
— CONTAINING
GROUND, more or less,
As specified in the Description of each Lot:



LOT I.
The Dwelling HOUSE,
of the late Mr. MACKAY,
consisting of a Hall, paved
with Italian Marble; an en-
closed Veranda to the North-
ward; one enclosed and one
open Veranda to the South-
ward; six Rooms, glazed throughout,
with convenient Out Offices. There are beau-
tiful Marble Busts and Images, with a va-
riety of Shrubs, on the Ground, which mea-
sures 3 Biggahs 19 Cottahs.

LOT II.
A very neat and well built Hall, 27 feet
by 18, having a Veranda the whole length
on each side; it might at a trifling expence be
made a neat and convenient Dwelling House,
and a long range of Stabling behind it, into
extensive and good Offices. There is a beau-
tiful Marble Statue of the Tarnese Hercules
in front.—The Ground measures 1 Biggah,
2 Cottahs, and 11 Chittacks.

LOT III.
Contains 4 Biggahs, 5 Cottahs, and 9
Chittacks of Ground, with a Tank, and two
small Pucka Houses for Maulies.—It com-
municates with the Circular Road, and would
be a valuable site on which to build a House
of any extent.

LOT IV.
Contains 4 Biggahs, 17 Cottahs, and 13
Chittacks. There is on it an enclosed Or-
chard, containing a variety of Fruit Trees,
and a very large Tank of Excellent Water,
with a good Pucka Ghaut, and well stocked
with Fish.

LOT V.
Contains 2 Biggahs, 2 Cottahs, and 2 Chit-
tacks, to the Southward of Lot IV.

LOT VI.
Contains 1 Biggah and 12 Cottahs, to the
Southward of Lot III.
Further particulars will be stated at the
time of Sale.

N. B. The whole of the above Lots commu-
nicate with each other, so that the purchase of
any Part, desirous of becoming a Proprietor,
may be as extensive as he thinks fit.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
MESSRS. MACINTOSH,
FULTON AND CO.

Where a plan of the Grounds may be seen,
as also at the Auction-room.

TO BE LET.

The HOUSE and
Premises, situated be-
tween Captain AN-
THONY GREENE'S
and that lately Ren-
ted by Government for
the Turkish Envoy,
and which was also Rented by Government
for the Envoy's Guards.—Application to be
made to Captain HENRY GRACE, in Fort
William.



Calcutta, February 1, 1805.

RAFFLE,

FOR A PATENT PEDAL, FINGER & BARREL
ORGAN.
—
SCHEME.

A CAPITAL Patent Pedal, Finger and
Barrel ORGAN, composed of four stops,
with Drum, and triangle five Barrels, con-
taining fifty of the most Popular Tunes, in a
neat mahogany frame, with secretary and
book-case, front dimensions seven feet six
inches high, and three feet nine inches in
width, supposed to be the most complete and
powerful Instruments of the kind ever im-
ported, value Two Thousand Five Hundred
and Sixty Sicca Rupees.

Forty Chances at Sixty-four Rupees each,
is Sicca Rupees Two Thousand Five Hundred
and Sixty.

The Greatest Numbers in Three Throws,
with Two Dice, doublets, to win the Prize.

JOSEPH TAYLOR, begs to inform the
Subscribers to the above, that the RAFFLE
will take place at his House, in the Coser-
tollah, on Tuesday next, the 5th March,
at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, precisely.

N. B. A few Chances remain Unsub-
scribed for.

ADVERTISEMENT

A PERSON of Property in Calcutta, has
a Set of BILLS to dispose of, and will
indorse them for £. 280, at Thirty Day's
Sight, two Shilling's seven Pence, per Sicca
Rupees, payable in London.

Enquire at the HURKARU OFFICE,
Calcutta, February, 25th 1805.

TO BE LET,

A HOUSE,
AT CULLANGA,
Near Chowringhee,
No. 45,

APPLY TO
JOSEPH WELSH.

At the Premises.

TO BE LET,

A HOUSE,
Near the same place,
No. 138,
APPLY AS ABOVE.
Calcutta, February 5, 1805.

A CARD.

Mr. F. DESBRUSAIS

BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gen-
tlemen of the Settlement, that he un-
dertakes Teaching the FRENCH LANGUAGE,
grammatically; and will attend on Persons or
Families who may be desirous to apply to
him for that purpose.

His Terms are fixed according to the num-
ber of Hours, per week.

His assiduity having procured him employ-
ment with some of the First Families in the
Town, he has the satisfaction to offer his ser-
vices to the Public, hoping thereby to merit
their Patronage.

N. B.—Applications may be left at Mr.
H. PASTONARDS, the Jeweller, and will be
duly attended to.

LACE,

EDGINGS, VEILS,
AND
CLOAKS.

MRS. BELL

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies in
Calcutta, and at the upper Stations,
that she has received by the

MANGLES,

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF
Mechlin, Valenciennes and English LACE
of all breadths, with real Thread Lac
VEILS.—Patent LACE, white and black
of beautiful light Patterns.—Also, a few
black CLOACKS.

FOR SALE,

Joseph Greenway, and Co's.

THE FOLLOWING
NAUTICAL BOOKS:

UNIVERSAL Atlas, &c. &c. for the Cabi-
net,
East India Pilot and Directory, by Laurie and
Whittle, with Book of Directions, — 2 vols.
Elements of Rigging and Seamanship, — 3
Charnock's Naval Architecture, — 3
Elmore's Indian Directory,
Clarke's Progress of Maritime Discoveries, with
a Book of Charts, (boards);
Seaman's new Vade Mecum, by R. Liddell,
Shipmaster's Assistant,
Ephemerides, for 1805-6 and 7,
Requisite Tables,
Moore's Practical Navigator.

ALSO,
DUODECIMO.

COOKE'S NOVELS, in 68 very neat volumes,
elegantly bound,

Sa. Rs. 300.

AND
The BRITISH ESSAYIST, a beautiful Edition,
(in 45 neat Volumes.)

Sicca Rupees 225.

NOW IN THE PRESS,

BY PERMISSION OF
His Excellency the Most Noble
Rich. Marquis Wellesley, K.P.
Governor and Captain General,
&c. &c. &c.

A SYSTEM
OF
PRACTICAL ARITHMETIC,

ADAPTED PARTICULARLY
TO
BRITISH INDIA,

BY
GRIFFITH JONES.

TO BE PRINTED IN A QUARTO VOLUME
ON FINE ENGLISH PAPER, NEATLY BOUND
Price to Subscribers, One Gold Mohur.
Non-subscribers, — Twenty Sa. Rs.
PAYABLE ON DELIVERY.
Subscriptions will be thankfully received at
the INDIA, GAZETTE, and HURKARU Offices.

FOR SALE,

AT THE HURKARU PRESS,
A FEW COPIES OF THE

CANARY BIRD,

BEING

A COLLECTION OF THE
NEWEST SONGS,

PRICE FOUR RUPES.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PROBATE of the last Will and Testament of the late JOHN D'CRUZ, deceased, having been granted to PHILIP D'CRUZ, of Sheebtollah Lane, one of the Executors nominated by the said Will, all persons having demands on the Estate, are requested to make them known to the Executor above mentioned, to whom all persons who are indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

Calcutta, February 11, 1805.

FOR SALE,

AT THE HURKARU OFFICE.

TWO vols. of Piano Forte Music, containing the Grand Concertos of Dussek, Cramer and Stibelt, the Airs of Mozart with a variety of other Concerts, Rondos, &c. by various Authors, Sa. Rs. 80. A set of Progressive Lessons for the Piano Forte, by Lee, particularly marked for the fingering, Sa. Rs. 4.

By Permission of Government,

DEDICATED TO COLONEL WM. KIRKPATRICK AND LT. COL. JOHN MALCOLM.

IN THE PRESS, AND

SPEEDILY WILL BE PUBLISHED, THE LIFE OF HIS LATE HIGHNESS, NIZAM ALEE KHAUN, SOOBAN OF THE DEKHAN, IN ONE VOLUME QUARTO,

Containing as follows: DEDICATION, — Preface, — Geographical and Historical Observations, on the present and former State of the Dekhan, — Memoirs of Nizam Alee-Khaun's Ancestors, &c. — History of Nizam Alee-Khaun, in two parts, — Appendix, — List of Subscribers,

BY WILLIAM HOLLINGBERRY,

Price to Subscribers, Sa. Rs 32

Ditto to Non-subscribers, 40

Deliverable to Order in Calcutta.

Gentlemen desirous of Patronizing the above Work, of which there is a detailed Prospectus in circulation, noting the principal Circumstances treated of, are requested to apply to Mr. JOSEPH GREENWAY, at the HURKARU OFFICE, in the Loll Bazar, No. 188, opposite Messrs. WILLIAMS and HOHLER.

THE HURKARU.

Tuesday, February 26, 1805.

General Orders, by His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, FEBRUARY 14, 1805. The Orders passed by His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the 26th July 1804, directing the Medical Gentlemen to correspond with Doctor Buchanan on the subject of the Natural History of India, and to afford every practical assistance to Doctor Buchanan, in the prosecution of his researches, within the limits of their local authority, are to be strictly attended to. L. HOOK, Sec. to the Govt.

General Orders, by His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, FEBRUARY 14, 1805. Ordered, that the following Extract from a public general Letter from the Honorable Court of Directors, dated the 24th June 1803, be published in general orders.

"In order to enable the Company's Historiographer to complete a general History of the British Affairs in the East Indies, and as we mean that the plan of such a work should comprehend the History of India, and such part of that China, as is connected with our Trade, and also the progress of our Trade in general, we direct that such of our Servants as may be in situations to promote this public work, be intrusted to transmit to you, for the purpose of being forwarded to us, such information on the Chronology, Geography, Government Laws, Political Revolutions, the progressive stages of the Arts, Manufactures and Sciences, and of the fine Arts, and particularly on the former and present state of Internal and Foreign Trade, as they may be in situations to afford, or may, from time to time, be able to collect."

Lieutenant G. Hunter, of the 21st Regiment of Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the benefit of his health, on furnishing the prescribed Certificate from the pay department.

The conditional permission given to Lieutenant Colonel James Powell, in the general order of the 13th of September last, to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the recovery of his health, is confirmed.

L. HOOK, Sec. to Govt.

FORT WILLIAM, FEBRUARY 19, 1805.

A Dispatch of which the following is a Copy, was received this Morning from Capt. Henry Lambert, commanding His Majesty's Ship St. Fiorenzo.

To JOHN LUMSDEN, Esq. Chief Secretary to the Government, FORT WILLIAM, St. Fiorenzo, Kedgerce, February 17, 1805.

SIR, I have the honor to acquaint you for the information of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, that on the 14th instant, off Ganjam, after a long and severe contest, I captured the French National Frigate Psyche, under the Command of Captain Bergeret; also recaptured the Thetis, country ship.

I have therefore to request that conveyances may be sent to Kedgerce as expeditiously as possible, for the prisoners, also the wounded Seamen, and Marines of His Majesty's Ship under my Command. Underneath is a list of the Killed and Wounded of the said ship, and also, of the late French Frigate Psyche.

I have the honor to be SIR, Your most obedient humble Servant, (Signed) H. LAMBERT.

List of Killed and Wounded in His Majesty's Ship St. Fiorenzo.

1 Midshipman, 8 Seamen, 1 Drummer, and 2 Marines, killed. 4 Officers, 30 Seamen, and 2 Marines wounded.

List of the Killed and Wounded, in the late French Frigate Psyche.

The second Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 37 Seamen and Soldiers killed.

70 Officers and Seamen, wounded. Published by Command of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council,

J. LUMSDEN, Chief Sec. to the Govt.

From the Calcutta Gazette.

Despatches of which the following are Copies have been received by His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General, from His Excellency the Commander in Chief, and from Colonel Murray.

To His Excellency the Most Noble Marquess Wellesley, Governor General, &c. &c. &c. MY LORD,

I have the honor to enclose, for your Lordship's information, Copy of a Despatch from Captain Hutchinson, announcing his success, in an attack against the Fort of Zemena.

The enterprise and gallantry this meritorious Officer has, on every occasion manifested, during his command at Rampoora, has never been more conspicuous than in the present instance; where he appears to have accomplished a most arduous and dangerous undertaking, with a spirit and perseverance, which reflects on him the highest credit, and from which I am confident, Your Lordship will derive infinite satisfaction.

The conduct of the Garrison of Rampoora has throughout been highly meritorious, and the Detachments that have occasionally moved out from it, have rendered the most essential service, and entitle Captain Hutchinson and the Officers and Men under his orders to my warmest thanks.

I have the honor to be, MY LORD, Your Lordship's most faithful Humble Servant, G. LAKE.

HEAD QUARTERS, Camp before Bhopore, January 27, 1805.

YEMENA, JAN. 19, 1805.

To Lieutenant Colonel GERARD, Adjutant General, &c. &c. &c.

SIR,

In my last, I had the honor to inform you that we had got possession of Katowlie, and I have now in the pleasure to acquaint you, for the information of His Excellency the Commander in Chief, that I marched from Tonki, on the 17 inst. with 150 Sepoys, two 6 Pounders, and as many of the irregulars as could be spared. We arrived before this place a little while after the Moon had risen last night, and instantly commenced our attack, as near the Gate as possible, but unfortunately the Guns could not be taken sufficiently close, as the Enemy had placed a number of Hackeries in the Road, laden with Grain, the wheels taken off, and the Bullocks left fixed to the Yokes, the whole soon took fire, and it was necessary to take some other mode of attack. In this dilemma, I was assisted by two Bildars, who behaved with much intrepidity, by cutting steps in the sides of the Ramparts, and my young friend Lieutenant Purvis, instantly and most gallantly ascending at the head of his men, but I was much concerned

to see a moment afterwards that he was Wounded; it became necessary now, Lieut. Purvis being the only Officer with me, that I should lead the Sepoys, and having another Rampart to mount in the same manner as before, the whole took up so much time, that three Tumbrils of Ammunition had been expended at the Guns. At this critical moment I was joined by Corporal Crofs, and Corporal Hislop, at a time when I had been fifteen or twenty minutes on the Wall, and the Bildars making a hole through the Parapets.

In a short time our numbers increased, and we pushed the Enemy to the gate of the Gurrie, which is of a considerable height, with a broad deep Ditch round it, and a winding pathway, defended by parapets and loop-holes, where only two men can go abreast. Here several of the Enemy were killed, but we could not push the Gate open with all our Force; at last the Wicket gave way to the butt end of our musquets.

There are four 3 Pounders, mounted on Carriages on the Bastions, and four pieces of a smaller size on swivels, besides thirty-six Ginals of a very good kind.

Our loss is very trifling considering how much we were exposed for three hours and a half. There was one Sepoy and a Clafsee Killed; seven or eight Sepoys, three Clafsees, one Bullock Driver, and four or five of the Irregulars Wounded.

I have the honor to be, &c. &c. &c. (Signed) CHAS. HUTCHINSON, Capt. Comdg.

A TRUE COPY,

G. A. F. LAKE.

N. B. There are six 3 Pounders mounted on Carriages, instead of four mentioned in the Original.

CAMP AT RAMPOORA, NOV. 19, 1804.

SIR, I had the honor of communicating to you on the 15th instant, the evacuation of Narraim Ghur and Malhar Ghur, by the enemy's Troops, and my intention of proceeding to dislodge them from Rampoora, where Gunjaram Coattaree, appears to have collected a force, said to amount to two thousand Men.

I have now the pleasure to acquaint you, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General, that I arrived before this place at day-break this morning, and as some of the inhabitants had come to my Camp during the night to seek protection, and informed me that the greater part of Holkar's Troops had evacuated the place, I was inclined to suppose, that I should have met no opposition.

Contrary, however, to my expectation, the small parties of Cavalry which I detached towards the gates, and the 2d Battalion 2d regiment advanced towards the town, were fired upon from the walls, which induced me to open a few guns on the place, till I should have an opportunity of fixing upon the parts of the wall most favorable for escalade. At the moment the advanced guard, consisting of the Picquets, and 2 Battalion 2d regiment, reinforced by the 86th regiment, were on the point of advancing, several of the inhabitants came out with assurances of submission, and the information, that the small body of troops who had attempted resistance had escaped by hills, and that no farther opposition would be attempted.

It is much to the credit of the Troops, and to that of Major Cuyler of His Majesty's 86th Regiment who commanded our column, and of Captain Imlach of the 2d Regiment, who commanded the second, that this large, rich and populous Town was taken possession of after resistance, without the least appearance of plunder or disorder.

The Garrison retired to a high, fortified hill, immediately above the Town, but did not attempt to defend it. By the fall of Rampoora, the whole of Holkar's possessions on the left bank of the Chumbul have fallen into the hands of the British Government.

I have the honor to be, &c. &c. &c. J. MURRAY, Colonel.

To Captain Armstrong, &c. &c. &c. Published by Command of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council,

J. LUMSDEN, Chief Sec. to the Govt.

The Aurora, Captain Glas, from Bombay the 13th of January, is in the river.

On Tuesday last, arrived the ship Juno, Capt. Latour, from Bombay, left from Madras, on the 5th February.

In addition to the preceding account given by Captain Lambert, to the Secretary to Government, of his engagement with the French National frigate La Psyche, we have to add the following particulars, with which we have been furnished, and will, we hope, prove interesting.

Received, 8th February 1805.

It appears that the Psyche, with her two prizes, the Pigeon (now named the Equivoque) and Thetis, anchored in Ganjam North roads; on the 14th instant, H. M. ship St. Fiorenzo was seen standing in; at 8 P. M. the engagement commenced: the Psyche, either cut or weighed from her anchor, and stood on for the St. Fiorenzo, and coming in contact, the enemy's bowsprit was lashed to the St. Fiorenzo's fore-mast; the latter being unable to bring any of her guns to bear; in this situation, the lashings were loosened, and they came alongside of each other—when the enemy began to experience the effects of the British thunder.—Being both disabled in their rigging, they separated for some time, when the St. Fiorenzo brought herself again alongside the Psyche, and being in the act of boarding, the Psyche surrendered, after a well contested action of three hours and a half, from first to last.—The Psyche is stated to have been three times on fire, in her gun room, during the engagement;—but luckily it was extinguished each time, or it might have involved both frigates in one common ruin, as the magazine of the La Psyche is reported to have been in the gun-room.

The wounded Frenchmen were on Wednesday last brought to town, in the Haldane, pilot schooner, attended by two of their own surgeons, and every other attention paid to them, that humanity could dictate.

The soldiers, who acted as marines on Board La Psyche, were one hundred chosen men for the purpose of boarding, and were veterans, who had served in Italy, under Moreau.

It is with concern we have to add, that the Psyche got aground below Kedgerce, and had been obliged to throw all her guns overboard;—she, however, got off the ground, and has arrived at Diamond Harbour, with nine feet water in her hold.—She is now on her way to town, and may be expected in a day or two.

The Equivoque, alias Pigeon, took to flight, at the commencement of the action. We have heard it said, but do not vouch for the authenticity of the report, that the Pigeon had been manned and armed from La Psyche, but that the Frenchmen had forgotten to put on board her, either powder or shot.—This being a fact, the most prove an harmless enemy, unless for boarding—as it is said, she had sixty Europeans transferred to her from La Psyche.

The Psyche in her cruise last year in the Bay, had several Englishmen on board of her, two of whom were stated to have formerly belonged to the pilot establishment.

We believe that the late action between the La Psyche and the St. Fiorenzo, has not been surpassed in every circumstance that could render it truly glorious, by any other that has been fought during the present war.—The spirited conduct of the commanders and crews of both ships; the persevering bravery of the victors and the obstinate gallantry with which the vanquished continued their resistance, claim the admiration and applause of every patriotic and liberal mind. Captain Lambert's triumph owes much of its splendor to the difficulty, with which it was attended; and Captain Bergeret will find, in the esteem and sympathy of kindred souls, an exalted source of consolation under his present experience of "The fortune of war."

Madras Government Gazette,

FEBRUARY 7, 1805.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

Mr. W. Linley, Sub-Treasurer and Mint Master.

JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT.

Ernst William Fallofield, Esq. President of the Court of Judicature at Pondicherry, and Collector of the Revenues of Pondicherry and Cuddalore.

GENERAL ORDERS BY GOVERNMENT.

Fort St. George, January 29, 1805.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council permits Captain Meares, of the 17th Regiment of Native Infantry, to proceed to Europe on Sick Certificate.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to promote Mr. Assistant Surgeon Hay, to the Rank of Surgeon, vice M^r Gibson, deceased—date of Rank, the 17th December 1804.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to appoint Messrs. John Arthur Palmer and Isaac Blyth, to be Sub-Assistant Surgeons, on the Establishment under this Presidency.

January 30, 1805.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council permits Captain Arthur Moleworth, of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, to proceed to England on furlough for three years.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council (Signed) G. STRACHEY, Sec. to Govt. By order of Maj. Gen. Campbell, Commanding the Army.

Head Quarters: Choultry Plain—Jan. 30, 1805.

O. D. BY MAJOR GENERAL CAMPBELL. The Officers lately promoted, are appointed to Regiments and Battalions, as follows.

Madras European Regiment. Lieutenant J. J. Utterton, James Duff, J. S. Spankie.

Vertical list of names and ranks on the right edge of the page, including Lieutenant G. G., T. C. G., C. K. S., Robert, Lieutenant William G. Wilkin, T. A. Ch... & Reid, Lieutenant R. G... F. M. G., Lieutenant W... A..., Lieutenant A. Fran... J. S. Tr..., Lieutenant M. W. B... M. J. Har... W. Char..., Lieutenant William A. Tulloh, Lieutenant H. A. M... 40th N..., Lieutenant T. D. Bur... J. M. Cor... T. Prender..., Lieutenant J. Inglis, H. Walker, 118th N..., Lieutenant J. Allop, J. J. Ekke..., Lieutenant J. Gulling, J. Bayley, 120th N..., Lieutenant J. Wynne, R. Cook, R. Newcom..., 130th N..., Lieutenant William H... Joseph Ste... John Stewa... W. Kelso, 140th N..., Lieutenant L. Lawson, J. Leighton, 150th N..., Lieutenant R. Rolles, J. Wilson, 160th N..., Lieutenant J. A. Sry, G. W. Hollis..., 170th N..., Lieutenant William Pic... J. O'Don... G. Drew, W. Kennedy, 180th N..., Lieutenant G. J. Blair, H. C. Blount, J. Swinton, 190th N..., Lieutenant H. Dixon, J. C. Rafter, W. Milne, 200th N..., Lieutenant W. J. Baker, H. Walpole, J. W. Peay, 210th N..., Lieutenant W. F. Ellis, C. Waddell, J. Ryan, 220th N..., Lieutenant G. Dammore, W. Biff, C. J. Rigau..., 230th N..., Lieutenant P. Winship, G. Jolly, 240th N..., Lieutenant W. Biff, of the 1st of Cadets has been promoted to the rank of 2nd Lieutenant, and is appointed to the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, as youngest Lieutenant. Captain Lieutenant of the 1st of Cadets, of the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, is promoted to the rank of 2nd Lieutenant, and is appointed to the 5th Regiment of Native Infantry, as youngest Lieutenant.

1st Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant S. C. Marshall,	}	1st Battalion.
T. C. Cartliffe,		
C. K. Smart,		
Robert Jenkins,	}	2d Battalion.
2d Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant William Gordon,	}	1st Battalion.
G. Wiltshire,		
T. A. Chambers,		
S. Reid,	}	2d Battalion.
3d Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant R. Gore,	}	2d Battalion.
F. M. Goble,		
4th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant W. Williams,	}	1st Battalion.
A. Walker,		
5th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant A. French,	}	2d Battalion.
J. S. Trotter,		
6th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant M. W. Byan,	}	1st Battalion.
M. J. Harris,		
W. Chavasse,		
7th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant William Hardy,	}	2d Battalion.
A. Tulloh,		
8th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant H. A. Miller,	}	1st Battalion.
9th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant T. D. Burnett,	}	2d Battalion.
J. M. Cormick,		
T. Prendergast,		
10th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant J. Inglis,	}	2d Battalion.
H. Walker,		
11th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant J. Alfop,	}	2d Battalion.
J. J. Ekherfal,		
Lieutenant J. Garling,		
J. Bayley,	}	2d Battalion.
12th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant J. Wynne,	}	2d Battalion.
R. Cook,		
R. Newcome,		
13th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant William Isaack,	}	1st Battalion.
Joseph Stewart,		
John Stewart,		
W. Kelfo,		
14th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant L. Lawton,	}	2d Battalion.
J. Leighton,		
15th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant R. Rolleston,	}	2d Battalion.
J. Wilson,		
16th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant J. A. Say,	}	1st Battalion.
G. W. Hollingworth,		
17th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant William Pickering,	}	1st Battalion.
J. J. O'Donoghoe,		
G. Drew,		
W. Kennedy,	}	1st Battalion.
18th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant G. J. Blair,	}	2d Battalion.
H. C. Blount,		
J. Swinton,		
19th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant H. Dixon,	}	2d Battalion.
J. C. Racifer,		
W. Milne,		
20th Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant W. J. Baker,	}	1st Battalion.
H. Walpole,		
J. W. Pew,		
21st Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant W. F. Ellis,	}	2d Battalion.
C. Waddell,		
J. Ryan,		
22d Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant G. Dunmore,	}	2d Battalion.
W. Biss,		
C. J. Rigaut,		
23d Native Regiment.		
Lieutenant P. Winship,	}	2d Battalion.
G. Jolly,		

Lieutenant W. Biss, who agreeably to his Rank in the List of Cadets has been posted to the 2nd Regiment of Native Infantry, is, at his own request, removed to the 5th Regiment—in which Corps he will consequently take rank, next to Lieutenant J. S. Trotter, as youngest Lieutenant of that Corps.
 Captain Lieutenant J. Linday, of the 2nd Regiment Native Infantry, is attached to the 2d Battalion of Pioneers.
 February 2, 1805.
 Lieutenant W. Biss, of the 5th Regiment Native Infantry, is posted to the 1st Battalion.
 Officers posted to the Madras European Regiment in General Order of the 30th ultimo, are to join the detachment from that Corps at Masulipatam.
 Alexander Anstruther, Esq. will officiate as Judge Advocate General, during the absence of Major Leitch, who has been permitted to proceed to Bengal.
 (Signed) P. A. AGNEW, ADJ. GEN. OF THE ARMY.

On Tuesday last sailed, the American ship Sanfon, Captain Minot:—Passengers for Europe, the Honorable Sir Thomas Strange, Recorder of the Supreme Court of Judicature, and H. Compton, Esq.

Sir Thomas Strange embarked under the Salute due to his rank, and was attended to the beach by the Judges, and all the Officers and Gentlemen, attached to the Supreme Court of Judicature at this Presidency.

The Birth-day of His Majesty the King of Denmark, was celebrated at Tranquebar, on the 29th ultimo, with much splendour and loyalty.

A Ship under Spanish Colours, has arrived at Tranquebar, from Manilla; and Cochin China, left the former the 26th December, and the latter, the 13th January. A Portuguese Frigate and three Portuguese Merchant Ships, were at Cochin China, but no English Vessel. The King had conquered nearly the whole of Tonquin.

The Schooner Zypier, Captain Tate, arrived on the 3d instant, from Aleppo.—Passenger, Mr. A. Stewart.

On Tuesday last were exhibited, to the most brilliant House we have witnessed this Season, the performance of the School for Scandal.

The respective characters of this very fine Comedy, were, notwithstanding the difficulties inseparable from a representation of it in this Country, very ably maintained; and the whole went off with great and deserved applause.

The following Passengers—have arrived at the Presidency, since our last publication:—Mrs. Duncan, John Rowley, George Arbuthnot, Peter Bruce, Fitzgerald and Hamilton, Esqrs.—Major Hamilton Hall, 2d Bat. 22d Regt.—Captain Fortune, 1st Bat. 22d Regt.—Captain Caldwell, Engineers.—Lieut. S. R. Dickens.—Lieutenant Roebuck.—Lieutenant W. Garrard, Engineers.—Lieut. C. Langton, Artillery.—Lieutenant Johnson, His Majesty's 34th Regiment.—Lieutenant and Adjutant R. H. Yeates, 1st Battalion 20th Regiment.

The following Gentlemen have departed from the Presidency, since our last publication:—G. Gowan, Peter Cherry, G. Arbuthnot, and Hamilton, Esqrs.—Josiah Rowe, and William Moore, Missionaries.—Major J. Leith.—Capt. Wilson and Henry, H. M. 19th Light Dragoons.—Lieut. Lushington, H. M. 22d Light Dragoons.—Lieut. Tew, His Majesty's 34th Regiment.—Lieutenant and Adjutant R. H. Yeates, 1st Battalion 20th Regiment.

AU LIEUT. COLONEL KEITH,
Commandant at Pondicherry.

MONSIEUR,
 Le Caractère généreux et bienfaisant que vous avez manifesté pendant le cours de votre commandement à Pondicherry, vous a concilié le respect l'estime, et la reconnaissance de tous les habitants de cette ville.—En vous offrant, Monsieur l'hommage de ces sentiments, nous ne faisons que répéter ce que nous entendons journellement dire de vous.

Nous vous prions d'être convaincu de tous les regrets que votre départ nous cause, et nous vous assurons que si vous reveniez dans cette colonie, vous trouveriez à quelque époque que ce fut tous le monde disposé à vous renouveler le témoignage, de respect et d'attachement que nous venons de vous exprimer.

Nous avions, Monsieur, formé le projet de proposer un bal à Mademoiselle Keith; mais nous avons senti ensuite que dans ces temps malheureux nous satisferions bien plus votre cœur, et le sien, que nous nous reprocherions davantage des sentiments de bienfaisance dont vous avez donné l'exemple en consacrant la somme destinée à cet objet, au soulagement des pauvres extrêmement multipliés dans cette ville.

Nous sommes avec respect,
 Monsieur,
 Les Habitants de Pondicherry,
 Signes, Trouffeville, Penmarck de Mainville, Mottel, Demmaisonneuve, White, Mottel, le Jeune, Faure, Lestache, Bartro, Sonnerat, Dadonville, Thevenin, Camiade, Even Latremblaye, K, redan, H, rufec, Regnaudet, Jh. Dehita, Jn. Dehita, Bourcet, Law de Clapernon, Eugene Pernon, Bonnett, De Bauffet, Hequet, Martin, Chenot, et d'autres dont les noms m'échappent dans ce moment.

PONDICHERY,
 Jun. 28, 1805.
 Pour copie à l'original.
 (Signed) PENMARCK DE MAINVILLE.

BOMBAY, JANUARY 31.

We have been very obligingly favoured with the following extracts of the cruise of His Majesty's ships the Tremendous, Lancafter, Phaeton, and Terpsichore:
 On the 9th of July the above-mentioned ships weighed from Trincomalee, under the command of Captain Osborn, of His Majesty's ship Tremendous; and on the following morning, about eight o'clock, a strange sail bore in sight, when the Phaeton's signal was made to examine her: she proved to be His Majesty's ship Centurion, Captain Rainier. On the evening of the 11th of July they took their departure from the Fryer's Hood, on the Island of Ceylon, at that time bearing about W. S. W. distant from the shore about six leagues; and on the 20th of July the squadron crossed the line. On the 4th of August the squadron made the Island of Trist, bearing N. by E. and on the 5th they anchored in Fort Marlborough roads. On the 14th of October, the squadron weighed and made sail from Bencoolen roads, leaving three merchant ships at an anchor in the outer roads, and one in Rat Island-Bayon.

On the 25th of August, the squadron made the Island of Rodrigues, bearing W. by N. and on the 27th the Isle of France was in sight, bearing W. by N. and on the 28th the Tremendous hauled up towards Port Louis, when the fort at Cannonier point fired several shot and shells at her and the Lancafter, but without effect; at five the Phaeton and Terpsichore joined the Tremendous, accompanied by an American Bark, and a French Schooner.

hoisted out her boats in company with those of the Phaeton frigate, to destroy the ship that had run on shore, which proved to be a French ship, the ships standing in towards the battery to cover the boats; about six o'clock they observed the French ship on fire, when they ceased firing and hauled off; and when the boats returned, they were hoisted in, and at 7 the Phaeton spoke the Tremendous, and afterwards parted company.

On the 31st of August, the Tremendous brought a strange sail to, which proved to be the American ship Fanny, from Philadelphia, laden with wine and sundries, bound to Port Louis; at half past 7 A. M. they saw a small Schooner, which hoisted Danish Colours, and steered close along shore; on the 1st of September, they brought to and boarded the American ship Cora, from Baltimore, bound to Port Louis.

On the 7th of September, the Jolly boat had been dispatched for the purpose of fishing; when the returned, she was accompanied by seven English officers in a Canoe, who had made their escape in her the day before, from imprisonment at that place.

On the 10th of September, they gave chase and brought to the American ship Indus, from Bolton, bound to the Isle of France and Batavia, in ballast. On the 12th of September, the Phaeton and Terpsichore joined the Commodore, then in sight of Port Louis.

On the 14th they boarded the Danish Brig Governor Bie, which vessel had been sent down by His Majesty's ship Phaeton; after examining her papers, seven seamen and a petty officer were sent on board to navigate her to Trincomalee, and dispatched her on the 15th; the same day they boarded the American ship Freedom, from Padang, on the West coast of Sumatra, laden with pepper, and bound to Port Louis. On the 17th the Lancafter spoke a strange sail, which proved to be a Portuguese brig, from Mozambique, bound to the Isle of France, with two hundred slaves on board; the following morning, at day-light, the squadron saw a ship under the land, to which they gave chase; at half past ten the Tremendous fired a shot, and brought her to; she proved to be the Mornington, Country ship, from Madras bound to Bombay, and had been captured by the Caroline French Cutter, Captain Surcouff, and taken by His Majesty's ship Phaeton. A midshipman, four seamen, and twelve lascars were sent on board the Mornington, to navigate her to Bombay.

On the 17th of September, His Majesty's ship Phaeton, Captain Cockburn, with his boats, destroyed a small French brig, lying in a small Bay to windward.

On the 19th the Mornington parted company, bound to Bombay. On the 20th of September, His Majesty's frigate Phaeton stood into Port Louis, with a flag of truce; on the 22d they fell in with and boarded the American ship Altrea, from the Isle of Wight, bound to port Louis, having seventy-two thousand dollars on board; at 7 A. M. on the 24th, they gave chase to a strange sail, and at 3 past 7 another sail was seen to windward, which proved to be a brig; at 4 past nine they hoisted and hoisted the boats out, and dispatched the pinnace to cut the brig off that was coming down close in shore, and at half past nine the Barge and Cutter were dispatched in chase of the Brig to Windward. At Eleven the Pinnace boarded the brig that was in shore of the reefs, and found the crew had deserted her, she was from St. Brandon's Island, laden with fish; the pinnace was dispatched, in addition to the Cutter, to chase the brig to windward, and about half past 2 they boarded her; she proved to be the French brig L' Destin, from the coast of Mozambique, laden with sundries; and at four, the pinnace boarded an American brig, from Salem, bound to port Louis.

On the 26th they boarded an American ship, the Golden Eagle, from Bengal, bound to port Louis; and on the 26th they boarded a Danish ship from Madras, for port Louis; on the 3d of October they boarded the ship Penman, under American colours, from Batavia, and laid to be bound to Malacca, laden with opium and sugar; the officers and papers were examined, and a Master's mate and fourteen men, with six weeks provisions, were sent on board the Penman to carry her to Colombo, and on the evening they parted company for that port. At day light on the 6th of October, the Tremendous saw a strange sail standing towards them, which they boarded; she proved to be a brig, under Spanish colours, that had left Port Louis in the night, and had been boarded by the Lancafter, who had sent her, with a lieutenant and a party of men, on board the Tremendous; the brig was immediately liberated, and allowed to proceed to her destination, being bound to Monte de Video; on the 7th they boarded an American ship from Port Louis, bound to Salem, laden with spices; on the 9th they boarded two American ships that had left Port Louis in the night, the one bound to Salem and the other to New York; on the 12th they boarded the American Snow Robert, belonging to Baltimore, last from Amsterdam and bound to the Mauritius; on the 13th Captain Cockburn, in the Phaeton, informed Captain Osborn, that he had captured the Elizabeth, a Dutch East Indiaman, from Batavia; at 3 P. M. the Terpsichore and Elizabeth joined company, and on the same night they spoke a Danish ship from Port Louis; bound to Bengal, on the 14th the Terpsichore and the prize Elizabeth parted company for Colombo; the Lancafter having given chase to a strange sail, at 4 P. M. she sent down the chase to the Tremendous; she proved to be a Hamburg ship from Lubeck, bound to the Mauritius; and at half past 8 A. M. they boarded the American ship Projector, from Tranquebar; on the following day they spoke the Danish ship Copenhagen, from Copenhagen, last from the Cape of good Hope; at four P. M. the Phaeton's boat was sent on board the Tremendous, from whom they learnt that a french frigate had escaped from the Phaeton and anchored to the Northward of Port Bourbon; at half past four P. M. of the 20th, they brought to and boarded the Danish Brig Robert Maria, from Calcutta and Tranquebar, laden with sugar and bale goods, bound to the Isle of France; on the 28th a strange sail in sight which hoisted American colours, standing along shore into Port Louis; observed the battery firing on the Lancafter, who was in shore, and the Lancafter returning the fire, on which time the was keeping up a brisk fire, both on the battery and the chase; but the chase having reached and anchored in the outer roads, the Lancafter wore and stood towards the Tremendous.

On the 1st of November, the squadron bore up and made sail; and at day-light on the 3d they saw the island of Bourbon, bearing from S. B. E. to W. S. W. an American ship and a Portuguese brig then in sight; at 7 A. M. St. Dennis bore S. W. distant between three or four miles; they saw five ships at an anchor, with American colours hoisted; two ships, three brigs, and five other small craft, without colours hoisted; it was the determination of the squadron immediately to have cut out the ships without colours hoisted, but a very heavy N. W. swell, which soon ended in a gale from that quarter, made it extremely difficult for the squadron to keep off the shore, consequently obliged them to relinquish that attempt, to the great disappointment of the Squadron. At eleven they brought to, and boarded the American ship Fame, of Salem, fifteen weeks from Copenhagen, in ballast, bound to the West coast of Sumatra. On the 4th of November, they took their departure from St. Dennis, then bearing S. E. half E. distant about five leagues; on the following day the Lancafter was dispatched direct to St. Mary's, for refreshments for her people, and on the 6th the Phaeton was dispatched to look into Tamatare and Foul Point, and on the 7th of November, at 10 A. M. the Tremendous anchored with her best bower in St. Mary's, in 14 fathoms water, where the Lancafter had arrived a short time before them.

The Squadron continued at St. Mary's, overhauling their rigging, and receiving on board water and refreshments for the people, until the 7th of November, when the Tremendous made the signal and weighed in company with the Lancafter and Phaeton, having been joined by that ship at St. Mary's on the 9th.

On the 18th of November, they saw a strange sail bearing S. by W. when the Phaeton's signal was made to chase; at 8 A. M. the Tremendous's cutter, barge, and pinnace were dispatched armed, in chase of the strange sail; at two P. M. they saw the boats near Psone Island, when the signal was made to return; at five they returned on board, having looked into Tamatare bay, they were hoisted in, when the Tremendous made sail in chase of a brig; at half past five the Brig wore and stood in shore; at Sun-set the Tremendous hove to and sent her boats armed to take possession of the brig; at 1 A. M. the barge returned with the intelligence that the brig was called the Denx Aglis, six days from the Isle of France, bound to Tamatare bay, and at half past 2 the Pinnace and cutter returned with the brig, when the boats were hoisted in, and at 3 the Tremendous made sail. On the 20th they joined company with the Lancafter and Phaeton and a French ship; on the 21st of November they parted company with the prize brig, and on the 22d they parted company with the prize ship. On the 3d of December the Phaeton spoke a Portuguese ship from Lisbon bound to the Isle of France, and on the 4th of January the Phaeton was ordered to make the best of her way to point de Galle. On the 8th of January they spoke a country ship from Bombay; at half past ten A. M. they saw the Island of Ceylon from the mast head, bearing from W. N. W. to N. W. and on the 12th they anchored with the small Bower in Galle roads, where they found three ships at Anchor.

On the 13th weighed from Point de Galle, and boarded a merchant ship, from Bengal to Bombay, of Tellicherry, they received on board Colonel and Mrs. Gordon, passengers for Bombay and old Goa they passed the Wellesley Country ship standing to the Southward.

We have already mentioned that the squadron touched at Bencoolen; we understand it was with the hopes of meeting with or obtaining some intelligence of Admiral Linois; during their short stay at that place, Mr. Ewer entertained the officers in a very splendid style, and evinced a very hospitable disposition, which those gentlemen will for ever feel grateful.

During Captain Osborn's cruise, he had not been able to obtain the smallest information respecting Admiral Linois's Squadron, as it appeared that General Decaen had exacted the parole of every American captain, previous to their being permitted to leave Port North West, not to give the smallest item of information or intelligence, of what nature soever, to the English cruisers.

A list of Ships and Vessels taken and destroyed by the Squadron under the command of Capt. Osborn, of his Majesty's ship Tremendous, during their Cruise off the Mauritius.

The Zepher, Schooner, 70 Tons, laden with slaves, taken by his Majesty's ship Terpsichore.
 The Victor, Ship, 300 Tons, laden with the produce of Madagascar, burnt under the guns of the battery on Cannonier Point, by the boats of his Majesty's ships Tremendous and Phaeton.

L'Actif, brig, 100 tons, laden with plank, &c. burnt under the guns of the battery on point Diable, by the boats of the Phaeton.
 L'Destin, brig, taken after a long chase by the boats of his Majesty's ship Tremendous.
 L'Blonde, do. do.

Elizabeth, Dutch Indiaman, (British built, about two or three years old) of 800 tons, laden with sugar, spice, Arrack, &c. taken by the Phaeton and Terpsichore.
 L'Minerve, 300 tons, laden with articles of traffic for Madagascar, taken by the Phaeton.

L'Deux Amis, brig, of 100 tons, laden with the same kind of cargo, taken on the same day by the Tremendous.
 Penman, American ship, 400 tons, laden with sugar and spice, detained on suspicion of the Cargo being Dutch property; has been since condemned as lawful prize in the vice Admiralty Court at Colombo.

Governor Bie, Danish Brig, laden with piece goods, cleared out from Serampore, bound to Tranquebar or Ports in India, but detected going into the Mauritius.—She is now under adjudication at Colombo.

The Squadron, consisting of the Tremendous, Lancafter, Phaeton, and Terpsichore, share by mutual agreement for all captures made during the cruise.

FEBRUARY 20, 1805.

Since our last, we have to announce the arrival of his Majesty's ship Tremendous of 74 guns, Captain John Osborn, Lancafter of 64 guns, Captain Fothergill, and the Phaeton, Frigate, Captain Cockburn, which anchored in the harbour on Saturday last, from their cruise off the Isle of France, and were received under an appropriate salute from the battery. By the Tremendous, Lieut. Colonel Robert Gordon, Adjutant General, and his Lady have arrived from Tellicherry.

On Wednesday the ship Griffin, Captain Andrew Makepiece arrived from Calcutta, which she left the 30th of December 1804.—The same day the ship General Wellesley, Captain Norman, anchored in the harbour from Cochin. By this opportunity came passenger Mr. John Venderfloot.

By letters from Poona we learn, that Capt. Sydenham, who has lately been appointed Resident at the Court of the Peshwa, has arrived there;—Edward Scott Waring Esq. has, we understand, proceeded to Amednagar, to take charge of his appointment, as Collector in that district. His Lady and Child arrived at the Presidency last week.

Captain Osborn's Squadron touched at Bencoolen, in the hopes of meeting with, or obtaining some intelligence of Admiral Linois; during their short stay at that place, Mr. Ewer, entertained the officers in a very splendid style.

EUROPEAN EXTRACTS.

The following is a correct list of the present Administration, and of the recent changes that have taken place about his Majesty's person, and in the Diplomatic Department.

LIST OF THE NEW ADMINISTRATIONS &c.
 Lord Eldon, Lord Chancellor,
 The Duke of Portland, President of the Council,
 Mr. Pitt, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.
 Lord Harrowby, for the Foreign Department.
 Earl Camden, for the War and Colonial Department.
 Lord Hawkebury, for the Home Department.

LORD OF THE TREASURY.
 Mr. Pitt,
 Viscount Lovaine, Hon. Henry Wellesley,
 Viscount Fitz Harris, Marquis of Blandford,
 Right Hon. Chas. Long, Secretary of the Treasury.

LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY.
 Lord Melville,
 Sir Philip Stephens, Vice Admiral Patton,
 Vice Admiral Gambier, Lord Glenbervie,
 Sir Harry Neale, W. Dickson Jun. Esq.,
 Admiral Colpoys, Sir Evan Nepean,
 Right Hon. Geo. Canning, Treasurer of the Navy,
 Right Hon. Wm. Dundas, Secretary of War.

COMMISSIONERS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF INDIA AFFAIRS.
 Lord Castlereagh,
 Duke of Portland, Mr. Pitt,
 Lord Haukebury, Lord Glenbervie,
 Earl Camden, Right Hon. Thos. Wallace,
 Lord Harrowby, Lord Viscount Dundas,
 The Duke of Montrose, President of Council of Trade, and in his absence the Right Honorable George Rose,
 Lord Mulgrave, Chancellor of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster,
 Earl of Dartmouth, Lord Chamberlain,
 Earl of Winchelsea and Groom of the Stole Nottingham,
 Lord G. Thynne, Comptroller of the Household.

Lord Granville Leveson Gower is appointed Ambassador to Peterburgh, in the place of Sir John Borlase Warren.
 Charles Arbuthnot, Esq. Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Sublime Ottoman Porte.
 Benjamin Garlick, Esq. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Copenhagen.
 Charles Stuart, Esq. Secretary of Embassy to the Court of St. Petersburg.
 Edward Thornton, Esq. Secretary of Legation to the Court of Berlin.
 Augustus Foster, Esq. Secretary of Legation to the United States of America.
 Frédéric Lindeman, Esq. Consul at Embden.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZE MONEY.

Substance of a Bill for better securing the regular and speedy Distribution of NAVAL PRIZE MONEY, and for the Regulation of the Business of NAVAL PRIZE AGENTS.
 The Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being or any or more of them, and they are hereby required, within months after the passing of this Act, by warrant to nominate and appoint fit and proper persons not to be pensioners, for the purposes of carrying this Act into execution; which said persons to be nominated and appointed as aforesaid shall be called Commissioners of Prizes, and shall have a public office or place of business in one of the cities of London or Westminster, which shall be called the GENERAL PRIZE OFFICE.

The said Commissioners of Prize are to appoint clerks, officers and messengers, for the purpose of carrying on the business of the said office, and also agents for them at Plymouth, Portsmouth, Sheerness and Yarmouth respectively.
 Only one Agent shall be appointed for any prize or prizes where more prizes than one shall make part of the same capture, and be subject to the same distribution, or for the receipt or distribution of any bounty bill, or bounty bills, salvage, or head money.

Registers of Vice-Admiralty Courts to transmit a list of prizes adjudged.
 Agents appointed after condemnation of prizes to register their powers of attorney.
 Registers to transmit to Greenwich Hospital copies of letters of attorney registered in their courts.
 True copies of letters of attorney and registry to be evidence of a agency.
 The commission for agency shall be per centum, and no more, upon the net proceeds or amount of any prize or prizes, bounty bill or bounty bills, salvage or head money, to be appropriated in manner hereinafter mentioned.
 Notification to be given by agents of the payment of prize money in the London Gazette.
 Notice also to be given of the amount of an individual share in each class, &c.
 Penalty for neglect of giving notice of payments of prize money, or not transmitting notices.
 Notifications registered at the Royal Hospital to be evidence of agency.
 Before payment of prizes, a copy of the true account upon oath of Lieut. to be exhibited in the Court of Admiralty.
 And be it further enacted, that every agent shall days before he exhibits such accounts of sales in the registry of the respective Courts of Admiralty, cause advertisements to be inserted in the London Gazette, if in England, or in some public Newspaper at abroad, notifying to all persons concerned, that the detailed account of sales of such prize or prizes will be brought into the registry of the said Court.

Money not distributed by Agent within months if in England, or abroad, where no appeal, to be paid to Commissioners.
 Commissioners may give further time to agents.
 Remittances to be in Government or mercantile bills not to repeal provisions of 4 Geo. 3 c. 96.
 Proceeds not distributed within the required periods to be paid to Commissioners, together with percent. on money distributed and paid or remitted.
 Lists, copies, and accounts, to be delivered by Agents to Prize Office—Penalty for neglect or refusal.

When business taken out of the hands of the Prize Agent, no commission to be allowed him on any proceeds not collected.

Commissioners to give two receipts to Prize Agents for money or goods given or sent to Prize Office.
 This Act not to take away power of Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital to sue for arrears; or to abridge jurisdiction of High Court of Admiralty.

Money sent to Commissioners of Prizes, to distribute the money received by them.
 In cases of appeal or litigated claims, the proceeds to be paid to the Commissioners.
 Commissioners to advance money to agents or correspondents for carrying on suit of appeals.
 No Agent to be sued for fun men, unless he refuses to pay prize money after production of the certificate of the R. being taken off.

Penalties on Agents or persons paying or receiving money on account of share before notification of distribution.
 And be it further enacted, that the prize money to representatives of petty officers, seamen and marines, deceased, shall be paid only to their representatives, or to their lawful attorney or attorneys, upon production of the check to be granted by the Inspectors of seamen's wills.

Persons running away not to be entitled to prize money.
 Commissioners of Prizes may examine upon oath administered by them.
 Persons neglecting to attend or to produce accounts &c. or refusing to be sworn, or to answer questions may be imprisoned.
 No fees to be taken at the prize Office.
 No Commissioner, Clerk, &c. to act as Agent, on penalty.

Two Attorneys, one named *Sunshine*, the other *Harvey*, were admitted on Friday Practitioners in the Court of Common Pleas. The former is expected to throw a new light upon the dark passages of the black lettered law, and the latter to reap rich crop in the forensic field.

LONDON—6th JULY.
 Mrs. Lockhart Gordon, whose death, at Dorchester, at the early age of 20, we recorded in our last paper, was sister of Lieut. Gettings, of the Navy; she had been married two years. The death of this deserted young lady, "with not a friend to close her eyes," will, we trust, prove wholesome caution to her sex, against imprudent and disapproved matches. She was of an opulent Shropshire family, but whose notice she totally lost by her hasty marriage. Her remains were interred on Wednesday by private contribution.
 Lieut. Colonel Heloy's newly-invented cannon balls, in the shape of an egg, have been tried in Stockholm with great success; the force is considerably increased by them, and with a much less quantity of gun-powder than with the common cannon-balls.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The First Naval and Military Special Commission that has pronounced any sentence, is that at Boulogne. Two Citizens, *Alex. and Armington*, employed in the naval department in the port of Boulogne, have been convicted of attempting to appropriate to themselves several articles furnished to the Republic, and of having over-charged what had been furnished for the general magazine; they are both condemned to be placed in the pillory for six hours, and to ten years hard labour in the galleys.
 The First Consul has appointed six of the *Cyrenaic Officers* at Antwerp, members of the *Legion of Honour*, for having dispersed a gang of smugglers who attempted to introduce English goods on the territory of the Republic. The contraband goods seized by them on this occasion amounted to 700,000 livres.
 A French privateer-sloop, commanded by M. Codet, was lately wrecked on the Isle of Aik, off the coast of St. Domingo, and near Aux Caves.—The Blacks sent off an armed boat, and brought 44 of the crew on shore, and on their landing, they were all put up to death.
 Several of Bonaparte's favourites have lately bought some valuable estates in the country, and hotels in Paris. The very large estates of the Lucan family have been purchased by Talleyrand, for 1,500,000 livres. Duroc, the prefect of the palace, has, for 1,200,000 livres, bought the estate and hotel of Madame de Britonno; and the Police Prefect, Dubois, for 600,000 livres, that of De Natry.
 The French in Switzerland are waging inveterate warfare against English merchandise.
 Sir George Clifton, of Yorkshire, near Leeds, was "blest with seven wives"—to the Epitaph of his own writing says. The first three, who were maidens, he calls *bonnables*. Second three, who were widows, he calls *worldly girls*; and the seventh, who was a servant maid, born under his own roof he calls his *well-beloved*. Each of the six agreed to the marriage of the next, before her death, and at that awful period were attended by their successors. Sir George had several children by the last wife some of whose descendants now enjoy the family estate. He lies buried at the head of his wives.

A newly constructed vessel has taken her station on the Bar of Dublin, which, it is expected, will be of great use in clearing away some of the land there, and, of course, deepening the entrance of the harbour. She is very small, but draws a great depth of water; and is built strong enough to bear the heaviest sea. There is a strong piece of timber secured to her bows, on each side; through each of which are three holes for the reception of as many poles or spars of considerable length, to the ends of which are fastened large cylindrical pieces of timber, armed with long iron spikes. As soon as the tide begins to ebb, these poles are shipped in the racks at each side, and from their weight, continue the same degree of pressure on the bottom, during the ebbing of the tide. The sand, which is broken by the rollers at every rising of the vessel, is immediately carried off by the current into deeper water. Two to three men remain constantly on board of her, to regulate the management of the poles, and haul them up when the tide begins to return. She has been only a few days on the Bar, and the experiment has succeeded beyond the most sanguine expectations.
 Dutch beauty is now all the fashion in London—but the French have left no other kind of beauty in Holland likely to tempt an Englishman.
 Should the French land, even our fashionables will be able to put them to the rout.

BRISTOL STRANGER.

A German Lady of great beauty and accomplishments having married a Hessian Officer, who was ordered to America, and not being able to acquire any tidings of him in her own country, came over to England. Here, she could only learn the destiny of her husband, from those ships which had either transported troops to the continent, or were bringing back the wounded. Day after day she wandered on the beach at Portsmouth, and hour after hour she watched her eyes bedewed with tears, in the vain expectation of seeing him. She was observed, at the same spot, ere it was light and watched each ripple of the waves until the setting sun. Then her haunted imagination presented him mangled with wounds, and the smallest gust of wind seemed to threaten her with an eternal separation. Did a ship enter into port, her eager steps led her to the spot, and many an enquiry was repaid with an insolent rebuff. After eight months spent in this anxious manner, a ship arrived, bringing her the melancholy pleasure, that some Hessian officers, who were wounded, were on their passage. Her impatience increased daily. A vessel at length arrived, reported to have Hessian troops on board. She kept at some distance, for fear of giving too great a shock to her husband's feelings, should he be among them. He was landed with others. She fainting, and in his conveyance, she knew not where. Having recovered, and going to the dissepant inn, she found at last her husband. The master of the inn informed her, "he was very bad," and she begged that her being in England, might be gradually broken to him. When she entered the room, he burst into a flood of tears. A lady was supporting him in her arms. What words, or painter, could represent the tragedy that followed! He had married in America, and this person was also his wife. He entered "pardon," was past reproach, for in a few minutes after, he sunk into the arms of death. The lady, whose melancholy history we are recording, rushed from the room, and leaving her clothes and money at her lodgings, she wandered the know not whither, vowing, "that she would never enter a house more, or trust to man." She stopped at last near Bristol, and begged the refreshment of a little milk. There was something so attractive in her whole appearance, as soon produced her whiterer she requested. She was young, and extremely beautiful—her manners graceful and elegant, and her countenance interesting to the last degree. She was alone—a stranger—and in extreme distress;—she asked only for a little milk—but uttered no complaint, and used no art to excite compassion. Her dress and accent bore visible marks, that she was a foreigner of superior birth. All the day she was seen wandering in search of a place to lay her wretched head; she scooped towards night a lodging for herself, in an old hay-stack. Multitudes soon looked around her in this new habitation, attracted by the novelty of the circumstance, her singular beauty, but above all, by the suddenness of her arrival. French and Italian were spoken to her, but she appeared not to understand these languages; however, when she was accosted in German, she evidently appeared confused;—the emotion was too great to be suppressed, she uttered some faint exclamation in our tongue, and then, as if hurried into an imprudence, she attempted to be also without knowledge of this language. Various conjectures were instantly formed, but what seemed passing strange, was her acceptance of no food, except bread or milk, and that only from the hands of females! On the men she looked with anger and disdain, but sweetly smiled at the accepted any present from the other sex. The neighbouring ladies sympathized with her, on the danger of so exposed a situation, but in vain, for neither prayers nor menaces, could induce her to sleep in a house.
 As the discovered evident marks of insanity, she was at length confined in a mad house, under the care of Dr. Renaudet, Physician at the Hot Wells. On the first opportunity she escaped, and repaired to her beloved hay-stack. Her rapture was inexpressible on finding herself at liberty, and once more safe beneath this miserable refuge.
 Beneath a hay-stack Louisa's dwelling rose, Here the fair maniac bore four winters' snows, Here long she shivered, trembling in the dews, And lightning round her head their horrors cast. Dishesell'd, fo I her beautiful tresses fly, And the wild glance now fills the staring eye: The balls fierce glaring in their orbits move: Bright spheres, where beam'd the sparkling fires of love, All-har'd Louisa!

It was nearly four years, that this forlorn creature devoted herself to this desolate life, since she knew the comfort of a bed, or the protection of a roof. Hardship, sickness, intense cold, and extreme misery, have gradually impaired her beauty, but she still is a most interesting figure; and there remains uncommon sweetness and docility in her air and manner; and her answers are always pertinent enough, except when she suspects the question is meant, either to affront or ensnare her, when she seems sulky, or angry. Some Quaker ladies at this time interposed and homie, as she was called, was conveyed to Guy's Hospital, where she at present is, and still maintains her indignation against the men.
 The person with whom she lodged, upon her death-bed, divulged the secret of the flight of this stranger from Portsmouth, which corresponds nearly with the time of her arrival near Bristol, and future enquiries have discovered, that she is the natural daughter of Francis, Emperor of Germany.

Government Notifications.
 Fift William, Public Department, February 14, 1805.
 The Managers and Trustees of the Civil Fund having laid before His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council, the arrangement proposed for keeping the Accounts of the Fund with Government, His Excellency in Council, with a view to forward the object of the Institution, and to facilitate its operation, directs all Public Officers, from whom the Subscribers to the Civil Fund, instituted on the 1st October 1804, received their Salaries, Commissions, and Allowances, to make the required Monthly Stoppages from the 1st of March next, conformably to the Sixth Article of the Plan approved by His Excellency in Council, and to bring the Amount to Credit in their respective Monthly Cash Accounts.
 By Command of His Excellency the Most Noble the Governor General in Council:
 THOS. BROWN, Sec. to the Govt.

* When any Gentleman enters the room where she is kept, she always turns her head aside, and still expresses a sudden disdain.
 † Vide the Narrative of Facts respecting the Bristol Stranger, or Maid of the Hay-stack.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That on Friday, the 11th of March next, and the following days, until the whole is disposed of, will be put up to sale, by Public Auction, at the Salt Office, Maunds 8,50,000 of the Honorable Company's SALT, the particulars whereof, are below stated.
 The Salt will be put up to sale at specific prices. The Lots will be fixed at One Thousand Maunds each, (at an even Scale) of Eighty-two Sicca Weight to the Seer. One Rupee to be paid down on each lot to bind the purchase.
 The Salt to be transported from the places of delivery, (which are fully detailed in an Advertisement published at this Office,) at the risk of the Purchasers.
 Particulars of the Eight Lacks and Fifty Thousand Maunds of SALT, to be sold by Public Auction, with the Conditions of Sale.

DIVISIONS.	Total quantity for sale.	Depth in Company's Paper.	Payment in cash or Treasury Bills.	Period for completion of the Sale.
Hidgellee,	1,80,119	Twenty per Cent on the amount of Salt purchased.	Twenty per Cent on the amount of Salt purchased.	Two Months after the conclusion of the Sale.
Do. Maratta,	19,386			
Do. Kurkutch,	495			
Tumlook,	1,80,000			
24 Purgunnahs,	1,60,000			
Balloolah,	1,30,000			
Chittagong,	30,900			
Sulxra,				
Coast Salt,	1,34,519			
Rock Salt,	3,496			
Seized Salt,	793			
Narain Gunge,				
Seized Salt,	11,192			
Maunds,	8,50,000			

The deposit in Company's Paper, (this paper to be received at par for its principal only,) and the proportion of payment in Cash, or Treasury Bills, as above specified, to be both made within ten days, after the conclusion of the Sale.

In failure of either the stipulated deposit in Paper, or the Payment in Cash, or Treasury Bills, being made by the period above specified, the Salt, to be immediately re-sold by Public Auction, for ready money; and profit arising thereupon shall belong to Government, and any deficiency falling thereupon, shall be made good by the first purchasers, with all expenses attending the resale.

Printed Certificates under the signature of the Secretary, specifying the Purchaser's Name, the Number of the Lot, and the particulars of the Salt purchased, will be delivered to the Purchasers on their having completed the payment of their Deposits, both in Cash and Paper. But the Certificates above-mentioned must be returned previous to the Orders and Rowannahs for the delivery of the Salt being issued.

On a payment for Salt being made, an equivalent proportion of the Paper deposit will be returned to the purchasers, so that twenty per Cent in Paper will always be retained on the balance of the purchases, until the whole shall be paid.

On a payment in ready money, or Treasury Bills, being made, an order will be immediately issued by the Secretary to the Board of Trade, for the delivery of a quantity of Salt equivalent to it, and the Merchant will be furnished with the order for delivery, and such Rowannahs as he may require for the Salt, on his paying the Rowannahs Fees as usual. No order will be issued for a less quantity than Two Hundred and Fifty Maunds of Salt.

It being stipulated, that the Salt shall be paid for within Two Months from the conclusion of the sale, in case any Salt shall not be paid for, the proportion of the extent of Ten per Cent on the purchases unpaid for, will be liable to forfeiture; and moreover, the Salt will forthwith be advertised for a ready money sale; all losses and expenses attending such sale, to be borne by the first purchasers, and any profit accruing from it, to belong to Government.

The Public are assured that not more than Forty Lacks of Maunds of Salt will be sold at the four Sales of the present year 1805; and that the undermentioned quantities for each of the Sales will not be exceeded, though Government reserves to itself the right of diminishing the quantities, should circumstances render a reduction expedient.

That there may be time to allow of the completion of the business of one Sale before that of another the commencement of the following days have been fixed for the four Sales of the year 1805.

The First Sale to commence on the 1st of March, quantity to be sold.	Maunds.
The Second do. 6th of May do.	8,50,000
The Third do. 10th of July do.	10,00,000
The Fourth do. 16th of Sept. do.	11,00,000
Total Maunds	41,00,000

By order of the Board of Trade,
 H. STONE, Adv. Sec. Salt Dept.
 CALCUTTA,
 Salt Office, February 16, 1805.

CURRENT VALUE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

JANUARY 25, 1805.

	Buying.	Selling.
Six per Cents. - - Discount.	6 0	6 8
Old Eight per Cents. Ditto.	2 0	2 3
Eight per Cent Loans, of 1804.	1 12	2 3
Do. do. of 1801, 1802, & 1803.	1 8	2 0
Ten per cents. - - Pm.	5 8	5 0
Ditto, for 2 years, Ditto.	4	par

MARRIAGES.
 On the 25th instant, James Law, Esq. of the Honorable Company's Civil Service, to Miss Anne Thompson.
 February 21st, Mr. John Buller, to Mrs. Ann Palmer.
 February 21st Lieut. Lewis Wiggins, to Miss Maria Anstair.
 February 23d, Mr. Ace Gabriel, to Joanna Blane.
 On Sunday 12th, the 17th instant, Stephen Carrapit, Esq. to Miss Sarah Catcheek Arrakel, fifth Daughter of the late Catcheek Arrakel, Esq.

BIRTHS.
 On the 14th, infant Mrs. C. M. Hollingbery of a Daughter.
 On the 14th instant, at the House of F. Hortley, Esq. the Lady of J. Cheap, Esq. Commercial Resident of Sorool, of a daughter.

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