

# BENGAL HURKARU.

Volume XI.]

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1805.

[Number 561.]



## FORT WILLIAM,

OCTOBER 12, 1805,

WITH sentiments of the deepest sorrow and regret, the Government announces the decease of the Most Honorable CHARLES MARQUIS CORNWALLIS, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, Governor General of the East India Company's possessions, and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's and the Honorable Company's Land Forces in the East Indies.

This Afflicting and greatly-to-be deplored event took place on Saturday the 5th Instant, at Ghazepore, in the Province of Benares, where His Lordship had arrived, in his progress to join, and to assume the personal Command of the Army in the Field: as well as for the purpose of accomplishing other important objects intimately connected with the interests of the State.

During a long and active life, distinguished by eminently honorable and arduous exertion in the service of his Country, this illustrious and revered Nobleman manifested all the Energies, combined with all the Virtues, which can dignify exalted public Station, and adorn the sphere of private Life.

As a Patriot, a Statesman, a Warrior, and a Man, the character of MARQUIS CORNWALLIS shines with distinguished lustre.

The Records of the British Empire in Europe and in Asia, bear ample testimony to the splendid and important services rendered by him in different quarters of the Globe, to his Sovereign and his Country.

To the East India Company, the memory of MARQUIS CORNWALLIS is peculiarly endeared. To the Service of his Country in India, were devoted some of the most vigorous years of his valuable Life; and there, at an advanced period of it, has it pleased Divine Providence to terminate his earthly career of Honour, and of Glory.

British India will ever be proud to associate with it's Happiness, it's Prosperity, and Renown, the grateful remembrance of it's venerated Benefactor MARQUIS CORNWALLIS: and the Native Powers of India, will sincerely regret a Man, who so deservedly possessed their unbounded Confidence, and highest Esteem.

By His Sovereign, and His Country, the death of MARQUIS CORNWALLIS will be deplored as a public Calamity. Europe at large, to whom his Fame and his Virtues have long been familiar, will lament the loss of such exalted, and respected Worth: And History will record his Magnanimity, his Benevolence, his love of Justice, his inflexible Integrity, his ardent Valour, his wife and prudent Policy, as eminently worthy of Imitation, and of Praise.

The Flag of Fort William to be immediately hoisted half-staff high, and to continue so until sunset.

Minute Guns, sixty-six in number, corresponding with the age of the Deceased, to be fired from the Ramparts of Fort William.

Similar marks of respect, with the solemnities suitable to the mournful occasion, to be paid to the memory of MARQUIS CORNWALLIS, at all the principal Military Stations and Posts dependent upon this Presidency; And copies of the preceding Orders to be transmitted to the Government of Fort St. George, Bombay, and Prince of Wales' Island, and also to the Government of the British Possessions on the Island of Ceylon.

By Order of Government,

J. LUMSDEN, Chief Sec. to the Govt.

### EUROPE-BREED GREY HOUNDS AND TERRIERS.

JOSEPH TAYLOR

HAS FOR SALE,  
ON COMMISSION,  
THE FOLLOWING

### DOGS:

VIZ.



PINCHER & VIXEN,  
Europe-bred Terriers, or Fox-hounds: hunts extremely well, hard mouthed, and

very expert in search of Game.—Price Sicca Rupees, ..... 300

Tom and Fanny, are the Pups of Pincher, are only one year old, .... 200

Fly, is a capital Europe-bred Bitch, hunts extremely well and hard mouthed 150

Miss Betsey, — Gattee, — Sally and Smooker, are bred of an Europe Greyhound, out of Fly, above mentioned, 9 months old, each at Sicca Rupees, 100

May be Viewed on giving two hour's Notice.

Calcutta, October 14, 1805.

### FRESH BOURDEAUX CLARET.

JOSEPH TAYLOR

BEG Leave to acquaint his Friends and the Public, that he has just received a small quantity of Genuine Fresh BOURDEAUX CLARET, which he can confidently recommend, at Sicca Rupees 20 per dozen.

Cossitallah, October 7, 1805.

### J. P. STUVEN

RESPECTFULLY beg leave to inform the Public, that he has taken a House (No. 4) in Radah Bazar, where he has opened a

### BOAT OFFICE

AND

### PROVISION WAREHOUSE

Sound and good Budgerows, Pinnaces and Boats of every description, provided on the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

All Orders, addressed to him as above, will be immediately attended to, and faithfully executed.

FOR SALE,

### AT THE HURKARU LIBRARY, FUGITIVE PIECES, IN VERSE,

BY

EMILIUS FELIX SMITH.

Calcutta, Sept. 30, 1805

FOR SALE,

AT THE HURKARU OFFICE.

BLANK Interest Bonds,  
Powers of Attorney,  
Respondentia Bonds,  
Bills of Lading.

### HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR PRIVATE SALE,



A neat fashionable light POST CHAISE, with a pair of strong serviceable grey Horses perfectly found & quiet and Postillion Harnes. Price Sa. Rs. 1600.

A neat fashionable CURRICLE, with Hood and Lamps, and a pair of strong serviceable chefnut Horses, perfectly found and quiet, with Europe Harnes. Price, Sicca Rupees 1200.

A fashionable light GIG, nearly new, with Hood and Lamps, and a handsome black Acheen Pony, trots at a great rate, perfectly found and quiet, with Europe Harnes, complete. Price, Sa. Rs. 800.

APPLY TO

Messrs. T. THOMPSON & CO.

TANK-SQUARE.

### FRESH PINE, DOUBLE GLOSTER,

AND

### BERKLEY CHEESE,

JUST LANDED,

From the Honorable Company's ship GENERAL STUART,

In high Preservation,

MAY BE HAD

On reasonable Terms for Ready Money,

ON APPLICATION TO

Messrs. T. THOMPSON & CO.

TANK-SQUARE;

A fine Double GLOSTER CHEESE,

CUT THIS-MORNING.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

THE

DANISH BRIG

### FREDERICA,

With all her stores, as just arrived from Sea.

For further particulars apply to Messr. HARVEY WEATHRALL & CO.

Calcutta, October 14th, 1805.

### APPARATUS.

DOCTOR DINWIDDIE'S APPARATUS and BOOKS, are now on Sale at Prime Cost, at No. 30, Cossitallah. The Sale will continue till about the end of next month, when Doctor D. proposes to leave India.

Calcutta, October 9, 1805.

FOR SALE,

AT THE HURKARU LIBRARY,

### A SKETCH

OF THE

RISE, PROGRESS AND TERMINATION,

OF THE

### REGULAR CORPS,

Formed & commanded

BY EUROPEANS,

In the Service of the Native Princes in India, with Details of the Principal Events, and Actions of the late

MARHATTA WAR,

BY

LEWIS FERDINAND SMITH,

LATE MAJOR,

In Dowlut Rao Scindea's Service,

Sa. Rs. 20.

September 30, 1805.

# THE HURKARU.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1805.

## CIVIL APPOINTMENT. JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

OCTOBER 4, 1805.

Mr. C. H. Hopper, Assistant to the Register and Second Assistant to the Magistrate of the Zillah of Baugulpore.

OCTOBER 4, 1805.

Mr. John Gilman to the Office of Subordinate Superintendent of Vaccine Inoculation at Bareilly.

## GENERAL ORDERS,

By the Vice President in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, OCTOBER 4, 1805.

Lieutenant Colonel James Maclean, of the 27th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, on account of his health, on furnishing the prescribed certificate from the Pay Department.

Major James Irwin, of the 3d Regiment of Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on account of his private affairs, on furnishing the prescribed certificate from the Pay Department.

Captain Atty Henesley, of the 27th Regiment of Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough on account of his health, on furnishing the prescribed certificate from the Pay Department.

Captain Thomas Hurring, of the 15th Native Regiment, is permitted to proceed to St. Helena, and eventually to Europe on account of his health under the existing Regulations and Orders upon that subject, on furnishing the prescribed certificate from the Pay Department.

Mr. Timothy Hickey, Conductor of Ordnance, is permitted to resign the Honourable Company's service, and to proceed to Europe on furnishing the prescribed certificate from the Pay Department.

The following Officers have returned from Europe from furlough by permission of the Honourable the Court of Directors:

Captains Peter Gascoigne,  
Robert Duff, and  
Lieutenant John Trufcott.

The following Cadets and Assistant Surgeons have arrived from Europe and produced the respective certificates and Counterpart Covenants of their appointments for this establishment, they are admitted to the service accordingly.

## CADETS OF INFANTRY.

Mr. A. Dalyell, certificate dated 19th April 1805.

Mr. Hugh Rose, ditto ditto.

## ARTILLERY OR ENGINEERS.

Mr. A. Guinand, certificate dated 19th Feb. 1805.

## ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Mr. William Roe, Counterpart Covenant, dated 19th February 1805.

Mr. William Pearson, do. do. 16th March 1805.

L. HOOK, Sec. to the Govt.

## GENERAL ORDERS,

By the Vice President in Council.

FORT WILLIAM, OCTOBER 4, 1805.

Major Roderick Frazer, of the 11th Regiment of Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, on account of his private affairs, on producing the prescribed Certificate from the Pay Department.

L. HOOK, Sec. to the Govt.

On Wednesday morning the American brig Rolla, anchored off town; she is commanded by Captain George G. Coffin. She sailed from New York on the 21st of April, and touched at St. Jago, Isle of France, Trincomalee and Tranquebar, on her passage to this port.

Also, the American ship Sally and Kitty, last from Madras on the 22d September.—This vessel brings the news published at Madras, from Madeira, on the 17th June, and Portsmouth the 4th June.

Same day, accounts were received in town of the arrival in the river of the following vessels:—

Danish ship Bornholm, Captain Mogens Birch, from Tranquebar, the 26th ultimo.

Arab ship Multapha, Nacoda Pellow, from Bombay, the 7th September.

Grab ship Salamutty Sevoy, from Demaun, the 12th ultimo.

Arab ship Minerva, from Muscat.

No less than twenty-five sail of these latter vessels are expected here this moonsoon.

A Portuguese ship is said to have arrived at Madras from Lisbon, last from the Brazils, and bound to this port.

We understand that the gunner and one of the seacunes of the ship Perseverance, who are the suspected murderers of Captain Johnson, (late of that ship,) are arrived prisoners on the Lady Leith; together with the Armenian, who so miraculously escaped; and who, we hope, will be the means of bringing to condign punishment the perpetrators of that horrid deed.

By the arrival of the American ship Sally and Betsey, at Madras, from Madeira the 17th June, we are informed that a few days before she left that Island, two English 74 gun ships from England, the 4th of June, had touched there, on their way to the West Indies, to reinforce our squadrons in that quarter, which we find are now pretty formidable, and will be able to cope with, and we hope ultimately, to humble the fleets of France and Spain, so soon as they may give them an opportunity of doing so.

Lord Nelson had passed the Gut of Gibraltar, in pursuit of the Toulon and Cadiz fleets; it appears, he received information of their sailing ten days only, after they had put to sea, and it is said, that having conjectured rightly as to their destination, he would proceed to the West Indies in search of them.

We may now look upon the West Indies as the grand theatre of the war, and the eyes of Europe will be necessarily directed towards that quarter; what may be the result, we cannot possibly conjecture, but we will make bold to say, it is not to be dreaded.

Our fleets in the West Indies are, we imagine, equal in point of numbers, to that of the fleets of France and Spain; but should they even be inferior in that point, let it not be forgotten, that they are English!

The Rochefort squadron, not daring to look an English fleet in the face, had left the West Indies, and got safe into Port L'Orient.

On Monday evening, the Purser of the Honourable Company's ship Metcalf, reached town, with accounts of the arrival of that vessel in the river, from Bombay the 4th September, touched at Madras, and subsequently at Masulipatam, which she left the 29th ultimo.

Passengers:—Colonel Kirkpatrick, Lieut. Col. Wilson, Captain and Mrs. Dalrymple and Daughter, Dr. Ure, and Mr. Thomas Barrett, from Madras, Captain J. C. Sheen, from Bombay, Lieut. Moorhouse, from Masulipatam, and Mr. Thomas Parr, from England.

The Tay, Captain Meik, is likewise arrived, from Madras the 23d ultimo; as are also, the following vessels:

Ship Fatta Romany, Nacoda, from Muscat, left the 1st ultimo.

Ship Fatelker, Nacoda, from Muscat, left the 2d ultimo.

Ship Fatty Mobarack, from Muscat, left the 12th ultimo.

Ship Sultanie, Nacoda, from Muscat, left the 6th ultimo.

Ship Fatty Salam, Nacoda, from Pegue, left the 18th August.

Ship Prone, Nacoda, from Pegue.

Ship Fazy Allum, Nacoda, from Muscat, left the 4th September.

Grab ship Buddry, Nacoda, from Muscat, left the 16th August.

Ship Sally, Nacoda, from Muscat.

Passengers, per Tay:—Lieut. Colonel Tanner, and Mr. H. Chitty, Mariner.

On Tuesday morning, about 3 o'clock, the Timber-yard in Fort William, was discovered to be on fire; but from the timely and effectual assistance afforded by the Military, it was extinguished before it had risen to any alarming extent; and we are happy to say, that nothing but a trifling quantity of Timber was consumed, in consequence thereof.

## PRINCE OF WALES'S ISLAND.

### APPOINTMENTS IN THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE OF WALES'S ISLAND.

Captain Philip Dundas, Governor,	£. 9000
Secretary	2000
Assistant	1500
Accountant	2000
Assistant	1500
	15000

Mr. OLSPHART, First in Council, and Ware-house-keeper, to be allowed a Commission upon the Sales of Company's Goods of 3 per Cent. and his income including commission, not to be less than 4500

Assistant, a commission of 2 per cent and his income, not less than 1500

6000

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER GRAY, Second in Council, Superintendent, and Naval and Military Store-keeper, to be allowed a Commission upon the Sale of Stores, and his income, including commission, not to be less than 4500

Assistant, a commission of 2 per cent, and his income not less than 1500

6000

CAPTAIN NORMAN MACALISTER, Commander in Chief, and Third in Council	4500
Aids-de-Camp, Brigade-Major, Fort Adjutant, &c. not yet fixed	
Chaplain	1600
Master Attendant	900
Collector of Customs	1500
Surgeon	1500
Assistant	750
Ten Writers, £. 360 each	3600
	41,350

The following Officers are also stated to be necessary, but their salaries have not yet been fixed:—

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.  
Mayor and Aldermen,  
Clerk of the Crown,  
Sheriff,  
Justices of the Peace.

POLICE ESTABLISHMENT.  
Three Captains with Assistants,  
Other Officers of Police,  
Provost,  
Clerk of the Market,  
Malay Translators, with a salary to be fixed by the Government.

The Brig SULTAN, lying at anchor in Madras Roads, upset while taking on board arack. She immediately filled and struck the Ground.—From the great swell that was then rolling in from the Westward—it was judged most prudent to haul her on the Beach; where she now lies.

## Madras Government Gazette, SEPTEMBER 26, 1805.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.  
Mr. William Garrow Monk, Assistant under the Secretary to Government in the Revenue and Judicial Department.

Mr. John Babington, Assistant under the do. do. do.

JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT.  
Mr. William Oliver, First Assistant to the Register in the Court of Sudder and Foudjarry Adawlut.

GENERAL ORDERS, BY GOVERNMENT.  
Fort St. George, September 9, 1805.

The Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following promotion will take place.

Messrs. Edward Bannerman, and Robert Hugh Russell, Cadets of Cavalry, to be Cornets—Date of Rank the 16th of July 1805.

6th Regiment Native Cavalry.  
Cornet Henry Furton to be a Lieutenant, vice Barbut, deceased—Date of Rank the 4th of September 1805.

23d Regiment Native Infantry.  
Captain Lieutenant David Willison, to be Captain of a Company, vice Nail, deceased; and Lieutenant T. Shute, to be Captain Lieutenant, vice Willison, promoted: Date of Rank the 9th of September 1805.

His Lordship in Council is pleased to permit Lieutenant Gunning, of His Majesty's 69th Regiment of Foot, to draw the usual allowances of an Adjutant, while acting in that capacity with the division of His Majesty's 69th Regiment, doing duty in Fort St. George.

On the 10th Instant, the Cartel Brig Ariel, arrived at Colombo, from the Isle of France, Passengers, Misses Houre, and Messrs. Palmer, Whicher, and Menanger.

The Snow Minerva, arrived at Trincomalee, from Galle, on the 27th Ult.—Passengers, W. Strachey, Esq. and Captain Barry.

On Saturday His Excellency the Governor left Colombo on His Route to Point de Galle, where he will embark on board His Majesty's Ship Concorde for Trincomalee.

His Excellency is accompanied by the following Officers.

Robert Arbuthnot, Esq. Chief Sec. to Government  
Lieut. Colonel Wilson, Deputy Quarter Master General.  
Lieut. Col. Brownrigg, Dep. Adj. General.  
Lieut. Col. Brydges, Royal Engineers—Thomas Christie, Esq. Inspector of Hospitals—Capt. Edwards, Military Sec. and Major Beaver His Excellency's Aid-de-Camp.

We are concerned to relate a most melancholy accident which happened on the 7th Instant, at Chilaw—Lieut. Nesbitt of the 2d Ceylon Regiment, on his Route from Trincomalee to Colombo, in attempting to cross the Chilaw River, together with three Sepoys and seven Coolies, on a Raft, which had unfortunately been overloaded with Baggage; the Raft sunk in the middle of the River; and every person on it unfortunately perished.

CEYLON APPOINTMENTS.  
His Excellency Major General Maitland is pleased to Appoint Mr. Surgeon Alexander High, to be a Staff Surgeon.

John Wright, Esq. to be Garrison Store Keeper of Colombo, and its Dependencies, vice Bertolacci resigned.

His Majesty has been pleased to make the following Promotions and Appointments.

19th Foot—Captain Robert Honner to be Major without purchase, vice Sir William Aylett, who retires.

5th Foot—Surgeon William Henry Lys, from the 15th Light Dragoons to be Surgeon, vice Paterfon who exchanges.

J. Wemyis, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Smielle promoted.

Captain George Napper, to be Major without purchase, vice Logan promoted.

Lieutenant T. J. MacDonell, to be Captain without purchase, vice Pollock promoted in the Sepoy Battalion.

Lieutenant William Shortt, to be Captain, vice Napper.

Ensign B. Hickey, to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice MacDonell.

Blanchard, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Hickey.

66th Foot—Lieutenant W. R. Beverley, from the 4th Dragoon Guards to be Lieutenant, vice Shaw who exchanges.

Nicholas John Smith, to be Ensign without purchase, vice Hadson who resigns.

Joseph Burton, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Travers, promoted in the 9th foot.

Ensign Robert Ellis, from 30th Regt. to be Lieutenant by purchase, vice Bell promoted.

Vaun Brice, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Maddock promoted in the 27th Regiment.

William Ormsby, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice Wixon promoted in the 98th Regiment.

Captain Rice P. Edwards, is superseded, being without leave.

Lieutenant George Parkin, to be Lieutenant, vice Burke who retires.

Lieutenant William Henry Knipe, to be Adjutant, vice Moorhead.

Coakley Lewis, Gent. to be Ensign without purchase, vice D'Arcy, promoted in the 98th foot.

Major General Champagne's Regiment.  
Lieutenant Edward Tench, from the half-pay of 15th foot to be 2d Lieutenant without purchase.

Ensign French Gray, from the 66th Regiment, to be Lieutenant without purchase, vice Young deceased.

Lieutenant Colonel Hon'ble William J. Moleworth, from the Newfoundland Fencibles to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Kerr appointed to Major General Ramsay's Regiment.

Major General Ramsay's Regiment.  
Adjutant John Parker, to be Lieutenant, vice Loughlin deceased.

J. Spence, Gent. to be Adjutant with rank of 2d Lieutenant, vice Parker, who resigns the Adjutancy.

Joseph Reed, Gent. to be 2d Lieutenant without purchase.

Lieutenant Colonel Thomas William Kerr from Major General Champagne's Regiment to be Lieutenant Colonel, vice Young who retires.

Baillie's Regiment.  
Lieutenant Octavian Reynolds, from the 54d foot, to be Captain without purchase.

## BOMBAY COURIER,

SEPTEMBER 14, 1805.

On Tuesday last anchored in the harbour the Honourable Company's cruiser Princess Augusta, Capt. William Maughan, from Surat.

The Princess Augusta, left Surat Bar, on Sunday last, and on the passage experienced tolerably moderate weather: By this opportunity came passenger Mrs. Maughan.

On Wednesday the 11th instant, arrived the Arab Grab Snow Fatty Alere, Nakhoda Suleman, from Mocha.

On Thursday the 12th instant arrived the Hon'ble Company's Ketch Princess Royal, Lieutenant Charles Sealy, from Surat.

So great is the American Trade with the Isle of France, that we are informed no fewer than 230 American vessels arrived at that Island, during the period that the crew of the Fly remained there prisoners of war.

We are happy to learn that the accounts from every part of the West Coast of India, mention the crops of rice and other grain as promising to be the most plentiful that have been remembered on this side of India, for twenty years past.

Commemoration at Baroda of the Storm of Baroach by the Troops under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel Woodington, on the 29th August 1805.

On Thursday the 29th ultimo, being the Anniversary of the reduction of the Fort of Baroach by Storm, a Dinner was given to Colonel Woodington by the Officers of the Line. A suite of tents was pitched for the occasion, and the company, consisting of eighty-two Gentlemen, sat down at one range of tables.

A Semina decorated with Shrubs was erected for the reception of the Colonel, previous to Dinner being announced. At seven o'clock two Stewards (Lieutenants Hull and Sandwith), were deputed to introduce Col. Woodington, who, with the Resident, Sir Miguel de Souza, and Captains Heard and Wilson, (his Staff) was received at the entrance of the Semina by the President Lieut. Colonel Grammont. An excellent Dinner, with the choicest wines, was served, and the exertions of the Stewards in procuring every delicacy the season afforded. North and South of the Nerbudda, merit great commendation.

After Dinner the following Toasts, with the accompanying Tunes, were given.

- The King, God Save the King.
- The Queen and Royal Family, Health to the Queen.
- Col. Woodington & the Gallant Captors of Baroach, Grenadiers March.
- Major Cuyler and the Storming Party (by Col. Woodington), St. Patrick's day in the morning.
- Marquis Wellesley, The March of the 33d Regt.
- Marquis Cornwallis, Britons Strike Home.
- Lord Lake and the Indian Army, March in the Battle of Plassey.
- General Wellesley, Speed the Plough.
- Mr. Duncan, British Grenadiers.
- General Nicolls and the Bombay Army, How happy's the Soldier.
- General Jones and the Northern Division, that lives on his Pay.

Captain Frazer, of His Majesty's 78th Regiment, addressed the President, and proposed that Colonel Woodington, and the brave troops that served under him in the Campaigns in Guzerat, should be drank with "three times three." Every Officer stood up, and the Toast was drank with the greatest enthusiasm.

The party did not break up till three o'clock in the morning,—harmony and conviviality prevailed throughout.

Lieut. Col. Mason being indisposed, Major Brattan officiated as Vice President.

The following Copy of the Provisional Cartel, agreed upon between the French and English for India, is translated from that, published at the Isle of France, by authority.

## CARTEL.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED, JOHN OSBORN, Commo- de of a Division of the ships of His Britannic Majesty, and LOUIS AUGUSTUS MONESTROL, Chief de Bataillon and Chef d'Erai Major, duly authorized, the former by His Excellency Sir EDWARD PATER, and the latter by His Excellency Sir EDWARD PATER, British Commander in Chief of the vessels of

his Britannic Majesty in the East Indies, the latter by His Excellency GENERAL DECAEN, Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor, and Captain General of the French Settlements to the East of the Cape of Good Hope, to treat of a Cartel for the Exchange of Prisoners, and to conclude the said Cartel which shall remain in force until a General Cartel be agreed upon in Europe; after having reciprocally communicated to each other our full powers, have agreed, that there shall be an Exchange of Prisoners conformably to the following conditions; and that as soon as the General Cartel shall have come to the knowledge of either of the two parties, it shall have its full execution.

Article 1. All prisoners that have been made to the East of the Cape of Good Hope, from the beginning of the present War, whether they have been sent to any settlement of either power, or put on board a neutral ship at sea, or otherwise dismissed on their parole, shall be exchanged man for man, rank for rank, or for a certain number of common sailors as an equivalent, according to the following table:

RANK IN THE NAVY.		No. of
ENGLISH.	FRENCH.	Men.
Post Capt. of 3 years standing, whose rank correspond with that of Colonel.	Capitaine de Vaifseau.	15
Masters & Commanders having the rank of Major.	Capitaine de Frigate.	8
Lieutenants.	Lieutenant de Vaifseau.	6
Lieuts. & sailing them Midshipmen.	Enseigne de Vaifseau.	4
Midshipmen, Capts. of Merchant ships & Capts. of Privateers	Apirant de Marine, Captains of Merchantsmen and of Privateers.	3
Mates & all sea-officer	Lieutenants of Merchantsmen, & Privateers, and all other Sea Officers.	2
Sailors, Volunteers & others considered as common Sailors.	Sailors, Volunteers & others considered as common Sailors.	1

2. The Exchange of Officers of the Army, who may have been made prisoners, shall be made according to their rank, corresponding with that of Officers of the Navy.

Lafcars, Sepoys and other people of colour are excepted from the abovementioned arrangements. They can only be exchanged for each other, and man for man.

3. Prisoners mutually given up on parole or otherwise, except Post Captains, Masters and Commanders and the corresponding ranks, are declared to be exchanged, but in so far only as they are of equal rank. In consequence there must be an immediate settlement, according to which prisoners must be respectively given up, to clear the balance.

When this Balance shall have been cleared, the other prisoners shall be delivered up on both sides, but always man for man, rank for rank, and in the mode above settled.

4. The prisoners sent on both sides to Europe, shall be comprised in the present exchange. It is agreed that statements of such prisoners shall be exchanged, as well as the written word of honor which each may have given on his departure.

5. Post Captains, Masters and Commanders, and Officers of an inferior rank; the Captains and first Officers of Merchant ships above 100 tons burden and Captains of privateers, three Officers to each hundred men, shall be allowed to return home on parole, on engaging not to serve against the enemies of their country, till lawfully exchanged.

6. The prisoners on both sides (not being officers) who from wound, age or infirmity are incapable of serving, and children under 12 years of age, shall be sent home without regard to numbers or the equality of the exchange.

7. Surgeons, Surgeon's Mates, Secretaries, Commissaries of Provisions, Purfers and Stewards not ranked in the list of fighting men, as well as all passengers, not belonging to the Land or Sea service, in whatever vessel they may be taken, shall not be considered as prisoners of war, and shall consequently be at liberty to return immediately home, without being rated in the exchange.

8. It is agreed, that the ships of each of the powers employed as Cartel ships in restoring the subjects of the other nation, shall in return, as far as circumstances permit, bring back each voyage the subjects of their own nation.

Either party may take advantage of neutral vessels which may touch at their ports, in order to return the prisoners of the other nation provided, the Captains freely and fairly consent to take charge of them.

The list of men thus sent off, which shall be dispatched at the same time, shall be considered as founding a sufficient title for each nation to obtain from the other a number of prisoners equal to that in such list.

9. The Cratel ships must have passports in the usual form. The said vessels shall bear a flag of truce: they shall have no merchandise on board, nor any thing but the provisions necessary for the crew and the prisoners.

10. Every Cartel ship shall take on board, when circumstances permit, as many prisoners as the convenience carry. The prisoners shall be well treated on both sides during the passage.

11. It is agreed that every six months accounts of the exchanges shall be reciprocally communicated, and the balance shall be paid with the least possible delay to that one of the two nations to whom it is due.

12. The exchange shall continue to take place in the manner settled by his Cartel, for the prisoners who shall not have been comprehended in the first account, as well as for such prisoners as may hereafter be made, until either of the two Governments may think fit to put a stop to it, in which case, the party that would put a stop to it, shall immediately send the number of prisoners necessary to discharge the balance of the Exchanges that have taken place up to that period.

Dated on Board His Britannic Majesty's Ship the Tremendous, off the Isle of France, 26 Messidor in the year 13 or 15, July 1803.

(Signed) JOHN OSBORN, MONISTROL.

Ratified by Decaen, on the 18th July.

We have much pleasure in laying before our readers the following very honorable testimony, as a just tribute to the memory of Mr. James Skene, Surgeon on this Establishment, whose death we announced in a former paper; it was read at the last meeting of the

Bombay Literary Society of which the late Mr. Skene was a member, and was thought so honorable to the deceased, that no apology is required for its publication.

Mr. Skene has left several manuscripts relating to different branches of Geometry and Mathematics; and some papers, with the signature of (*Beta Cygni*) have appeared in a miscellaneous publication, which do him great honor; but such was his extreme modesty, that the circumstances his being the author of those papers was discovered by a friend of his only a day or two before his death.

The medal, or honorable testimonial that accompanied it, he had never mentioned to any body in this country. They were found sealed up after his death, with some other of his effects which he left with his friend in Bombay, when he went to join the army in the field.

It deserves to be remarked that the Medal, which Mr. Skene gained very early in life, was left on the condition that it should be given only to one who should be deemed to excel remarkably in Mathematics, and to prevent those who were refused it from thinking themselves injured, the condition of receiving it was, that the person claiming it should produce to the faculty of the College some discovery or improvement, that should be deemed deserving of such a distinction: and so faithfully had the spirit of the bequest been adhered to, that though the Foundation had been established for twenty years, the Medal had never before been given.

The Certificate of the Mathematical Professor of Marischall College states "that Mr. James Skene, son to Capt. James Skene, late of the 89th Regiment, has produced a considerable number of Problems in various branches of Mathematics, which are now laid before the faculty. That in his solutions of these Problems he discovers a rich fund of invention, and an elegant taste; a thorough knowledge of the higher Analysis, and, at the same time, a dexterity of applying the simplest principles to every case they are fitted to answer; that some of these Problems have engaged the attention of the Geometers both at home and abroad, and the solutions communicated by Mr. Skene are, in my opinion, superior in elegance and simplicity to any that have been formerly given, and upon principles entirely different; others of them are, to the best of my knowledge, original, I further certify that the papers communicated by Mr. Skene, at the same time that they contain ample proofs of an original train of investigation, discover an extensive knowledge of what has been done by others, in a degree surprising in a person so young."

## EUROPEAN EXTRACTS.

APRIL—29.

The Gazette of yesterday, published the following Dispatches from Vice Admiral Mitchell, Commander in chief of His Britannic Majesty's Naval force, at Halifax, to William Marsden, Esq. dated the 24th, of March, 1805.

SIR, I have the honor to transmit you, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, three letters relative to the capture of his Majesty's ship Cleopatra by the french frigate the Ville de Milan, on the 14th, Feb. last, after a very warm action. My Lords commissioners will observe with satisfaction the good fortune the Leander met with in falling in with these two ships, taking the Ville de Milan and recapturing the Cleopatra. No language can do sufficient justice to the steadiness and bravery displayed, in the chase and during the engagement, by Sir Robert Lawrie, bart. commander of the Cleopatra—by his officers and his young seamen, to whom, this engagement must do them great honor, in the estimation of my Lord: the Commissioners, in consideration of the very great superiority of both the enemies ship and crew.

From the high opinion I entertain of the officers, of their brave and steady conduct, as well as the discipline of the crew, I fully believe had the combat been accepted, they would have given a good account of the enemy. The Cleopatra sailed for Halifax, on the 18th, of this month under the charge of her commander Sir Robert Lawrie, in order to be valued, and repaired with the utmost expedition. I shall myself bring the Ville de Milan to Halifax, to join my Squadron. She is a very handsome frigate, and very large, she had only been launched one year, the day of the engagement; and she is in all respects perfectly fit for his Majesty's service; excepting the damage that had received during the action in her mast and rigging; she has besides on board a considerable quantity of stores, for equipment.

(Signed) A. MITCHELL.

HAGUE, —MAY 2.

The collection of the Registers which were opened last month in this republic, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the citizens on the new projected constitution, and for the choice and powers of the first and chief magistrate, shewed that 14,093 inhabitants had pronounced for its acceptance, and 136 had rejected the proposition submitted to the people. The ancient government adding the number of favorable votes to those citizens that had not voted, and who consequently gave a tacit consent, agreeably to the dispositions adopted, and published repeatedly, on the 26th of April, the result of the suffrages, and

at the same time the new constitution and the new government.

M. R. J. Schemmelpennink arrived at the Hague, on the 29th, of April, in consequence of the invitation of the state government, and landed at the Ancienne Gour with his family.

CADIZ, —APRIL 10.

Yesterday evening, very unexpectedly, we saw arrive the Toulon fleet, it is composed of twenty-four sail, amongst which are eleven ships of the line, viz. L'Effroyable, of 110 guns; le Dugay Trouin, of 90; L'Intrepide, of 80; le Fidele, of 84; le Magistral, la Province, le Vantour, le Sauginaire, le Hafare, la Concorde and the César of 74 guns; the rest of the fleet consisted of six frigates, four corvettes, and three brigantines. We have besides in the roads the French ships of the line, L'Aigle of seventy four guns; le Tiambeur, of twenty two, and the Argus of sixteen guns. The fleet did not appear to wish to enter the harbour. Immediately after its appearance two thousand fresh troops were embarked on board the Spanish ships at anchor in the harbour, who it is supposed will immediately join the French Squadron, as well as the three French ships in our harbour. The English ships who were cruising on our shores retreated on the approach of the French Squadron.

MADRID, —APRIL 12.

The armament of our Fleet at Ferrol was entirely completed on the 26th, and the whole are ready to put to sea on the first signal. This fleet consists of twelve ships of the line, besides frigates and corvettes, and the French ships.

The ships already armed and equipped at Cadiz, consist of the Trinitie, of 134 guns; the St. Anne, of 114; le Rajó, of 100; le Argonaute, and the St. Raphael, of 86; Terrible, le Firme, le Glorieux, la Bahama, of 76; le Eipanha and le Americca, of 66; and the Castile, of 62. They are to be joined by four French ships of the line, le Vainqueur le Souverain, le St. Just, and le St. Firmin, of 76 guns; the frigates la Magdeleine and la Rufine of 38 guns. Besides twelve gun boats armed at Cadiz, and eighteen from Algeiras.

CONSTANTINOPLE, — APRIL 12.

Our ministers are employed with the Russian Ambassador in renewing a treaty between the Porte and Russia. The definitive conclusion of this treaty only waits for the arrival of Mr. Arbuthnot, the new Ambassador from his Britannic Majesty.

By a letter from Marcellis, it is said that the Toulon fleet fell in with an English Frigate off Cape Saint Marie, and captured her.

A report prevailed at Genoa for some days, that the Dey of Algiers had been murdered by his own subjects.

ANTWERP, —APRIL 10.

A great number of gally-slaves have again arrived in the city, to work in our dock yards, in which an extraordinary activity prevails.—Five ships of the line will be ready to launch in the infu ng Month. The City of Lyons, of 74 guns, is nearly completed. Materials and naval ammunition are continually arriving in abundance; and in a short time, Antwerp will be one of the first ports for SHIP-BUILDING in the French Empire.

THEIR MAJESTIES FETE.

The Fete given by their Majesties at Windsor, on Monday evening, the 25th of February 1805, was certainly the most magnificent of any think that has taken place since they came to the throne. It had been in contemplation since they first went to reside in the Castle; when His Majesty determined to have, what is generally termed, among good old English customs, a house-warming, and to give it in due grandeur. The King having this entertainment in contemplation for some time past, was the cause of so many of the Royal Family's birth days passing unnoticed; His Majesty having determined that their celebration should be all combined in this entertainment. The expenditure on this occasion cannot have been less than 50,000l. It may truly be said it was His Majesty's Fete; for every thing has been done by his direction, and under his superintendance; from the preparations of the fitting up of the rooms, to the arrangement of the company to enter the castle. During the time Mr. Wyatt was fitting up the rooms, His Majesty had the entertainment in his mind, and gave directions accordingly; and for months past, Mr. Gilbert, the silversmith, of London, has been preparing a new service of plate, valued, we understand, at between twenty and thirty thousand pounds. The whole service of plate displayed on Monday night was supposed to be the most magnificent in Europe. Messrs. Hancock and Shepherd, of London, with a number of assistants, have been employed for a considerable time, in hanging the chandeliers from Hanover, and other ornaments. Messrs. Parker and Perry, of London, have for these twelve months been preparing chandeliers and lustres, to the amount of several thousand pounds; in fact every eminent manufacturer and artist was called in, and no expense was spared to this Kingly banquet. About a month or three weeks since, three hundred and ninety persons were invited, besides the Royal Family, the Ministers, and Officers of State. The same of the magnificence of this Fete, having spread throughout the country, the Earl of Wilton came to London, from his seat in Lancashire, on purpose to be present, and others have arrived within these few days from equal distant parts. All has been butle in London for some time, with the fancy dress makers and milliners, tailors, &c. &c. more so than if it was a birth-day that was approaching. Numbers of the Noble Families hired houses in Windsor and Eton, and went from London and other parts in grand style, in carriages and fix, and with four, five, and six outriders, which was a style certainly very proper for the occasion.

His Majesty determined on having almost every species of amusement which is known in this country, for the amusement of his guests, consisting of a ball, cards, and music. It being well known that His Majesty seldom listens to any music with pleasure except Handel's composition, the Oratorio of Esther was fixed upon as the finest of that eminent Composer's works. This was the first Oratorio Handel composed, and it has not been performed in this country before for these twenty years: the last time it was performed, was at the Academy of Ancient Music.

The Staffordshire Militia and Oxford Blues, guarded the avenues leading to the Castle, and the Police Officers attended at the doors of the Castle, to regulate the coachmen. About seven o'clock the company began to assemble, and their entrance was conducted with the greatest decorum. A party of the Oxford Blues, with two Officers, were stationed from the great hall doors to the top of the first flight of stairs, and, as any of the Royal Family entered, or Field Officers, the men presented arms, and the Officers saluted them with their swords.

The company, as they proceeded into the Castle, were introduced into the Royal presence by their Majesties Pages, the same as on a Court day.—After they had paid their respects to their Majesties, the company proceeded to view the rooms, which excited their astonishment; and as the visitors increased in number, the effect was considerably heightened by the brilliancy of the dresses, added to the splendor of the rooms.

At eight o'clock the Concert commenced. The room set apart for it was the Queen's Anti-chamber, adjoining the ball-room, which was illuminated with two elegant silver chandeliers, holding twelve candles each. A temporary orchestra was put up at the end of the room, and the organ, a remarkably fine-toned one, which originally belonged to King George I. The instrumental part consisted principally of Her Majesty's Band, in their full dresses. The vocal parts by Madame Bianchi, Mr. Vaughan, Master Gray, and Mr. Clark, of the Windfor Choir, who undertook the bass parts by command of His Majesty, in consequence of the indisposition of Mr. Battlemann. The Oratorio finished about ten o'clock.

The Ball then commenced in the Ball room.—The first dance was led off by the Duke of Cambridge and the Princess Augusta. The Band of the Staffordshire Militia attended in their full uniform, and played the country dances. The floor was painted with most fanciful and appropriate devices by an eminent artist, instead of being chalked. The room was illuminated with three large silver chandeliers, eight candles in each; the silver of each weighs about 120lb. They have been repaired and newly beautified in the most tasteful manner, by Mr. Gilbert. Four elegant silver sconces were hung round the room. The attention of the company appeared the most arrested to the novel and very grand appearance of four silver tables, between each window. Two of them came from Hanover, and have been repaired and beautified by Mr. Gilbert for this occasion. Under their centre are the Hanoverian arms borne by a horse, and the feet of the table represent lion's paws. One of the other two tables was presented by the Corporation of London to King William, and the other by the same body to Queen Anne. The magnificent effect of the tables was considerably heightened by four most elegant pier glasses over each table, with brilliant frames, from Hanover. The effect of this brilliant display of silver, by candle light, is better conceived than described. This room might justly be called the silver room; for large and very elegant solid silver dogs were used in the fire place for burning wood, instead of coals, but there was not much occasion for fire, the heat produced by the candles, and the number of persons present, rendering the room sufficiently warm.

Cards were played in the following rooms:—The drawing room which was illuminated with two elegant chandeliers, with brilliant and novel lustres, sixteen candles each. The room adjoining the Concert-room, one silver chandelier, holding eight candles. The room adjoining the Ball room, in which there were two silver chandeliers, the same size as those in the ball room, and of equal weight. The Throne room was lighted with two new chandeliers, and new pattern lustres, with sixteen candles.

Dancing concluded a few minutes before two o'clock, when supper was announced.

Their Majesties and the Royal Family supped in the Guard-room. A table, as on all public occasions, was set apart for the Royal Family only, it being contrary to the etiquette for any subject to sit at the same table with the Sovereign. The table at which they supped was elevated upon a temporary platform raised about six or eight inches from the floor, for the purpose of enabling the Royal Family to behold their company with the greater facility, and to gratify the curiosity of their guests in beholding them with the greater ease. Two tables were laid on each side the room, which held about sixty each. The plate on the Royal table was entirely gold—the whole service new for the occasion, provided by Mr. Gilbert, of London. Nothing but silver was used at all the other tables. The *table d'hôte*, all the company being in new dresses, had the most splendid effect imaginable. It is needless to add that a profusion of the most choice delicacies was provided; Messrs. Fitzwater, Barker, and Whetten (Their Majesties confectioners), being unlimited in their instructions. The fruits, none of which were forced, consisted of pinc apples, pears, apples of various sorts, and dried fruits. The beautiful damask table cloths which covered the tables, with the Royal arms wove in them, with very tasteful and elegant borders, the benefits of which attracted the attention of most of the female part of the company; the honor conferred must be considered great, when we inform our readers they were spun by the Royal hands of the lovely Princesses, an example of industry well worth following by our British fair.

The Council Chamber. — There were two most beautiful chandeliers, with very handsome lustres to hold sixteen candles. One table for supper, placed east and west, for the accommodation of eighty.

Prefecture Chamber.—Most beautifully illuminated with two very brilliant chandeliers; two tables were laid, which accommodated eighty of the young Gentlemen of Eton School. His Majesty condescended to go to the College to invited them; they supped in the Grand Hall upon the ground floor. The young gentlemen (most of them of Noble families), were furnished with new cloths to wear upon the occasion. They were waited on at supper by the Royal servants, dressed in full court liveries.

All the Royal Families were present, except the Prince of Wales and Duke of Clarence. Among the company we noticed.

Dukes.—Beaufort, Athol, Montrose, Portland.

Duchesses.—Athol, Marlborough, Montrose.

Marguises.—Cornwallis, Thomond, Abercorn Salisbury, Stafford, Hertford.

Marchionesses.—Hertford, Abercorn, Salisbury, Stafford.

Earls.—Moira, Grosvenor, Camden, Chatterfield, Chatham, Uxbridge, Bridgewater, Warwick, Morton, Limerick, Mansfield, Macclesfield, Harrington, Bathurst, Malmesbury and Poulett.

Countesses.—Camden, Chatterfield, Chatham, Uxbridge, Elv, Bridgewater, Limerick, Mansfield, Macclesfield, Harrington, Malmesbury, and Poulett.

Lords.—Melville, Auckland, Castlereagh, Sidmouth, Mulgrave, Crauley, Stopford, Loftus, St. Asaph, Villiers, Delaware, Lewisham, Amherst, Southampton, Brome, Harcourt, Walsingham, Dalrymple, Buckley, Limerick, Rousley, St. Helens, Grosvenor, Sully, Bolton, Leslie and Milbourn.

Zeller - Oriskany, Schenectady, Audland, Castlereagh, Mulgrave, Loftus, St. Asaph, Valleys, Amherst, Southampton, Milborne, Harcourt, Buckleys, Wal-fogham, Drivemple, Cumberland, Pitt, Morton, Grosvenor, Bolton, Romley, Harrington, Salisbury, Galties, Galloway, Ely, Carnarvon, Sudley, and Macclesfield.

Baron Leuthe and Count Munster.  
Generals - Fitzroy, Harcourt, Stuart, Manners, Phipps, Bigh, &c.

Colonels - Debow, Boulz, &c.  
Messrs - The Honorable W. Pitt, and Freeman-ale.

Mistresses - Harcourt, Egerton, Freemantle, &c.  
Misses - De Gray, Vyse, &c.

The Royal Family retired about half past three o'clock. The company had not left the Castle till past six.

Her Majesty's private rooms were illuminated with beautiful Egyptian lanterns.

There were between five and six hundred silver branches hung in various parts of the Castle. At supper upwards of 250 dozen of silver plates were used and a similar number of silver knives and forks.

The new service of plate furnished by Mr. Gilbert, and other plate sent from London, was of such an enormous weight, that three waggons were employed to convey it to Windsor.

Her Majesty having found great inconvenience from the smell of the oil in the patent lamps on former occasions, they were all removed, and the new chandeliers were made for wax candles, and the others altered for them, and the number of candles in all the rooms amounted to upwards of three thousand.

His Majesty wore the uniform of the Oxford Blues.

At half past nine o'clock the Princess Charlotte of Wales left the Castle, attended by Lady de Clifford: she was conducted to her carriage by the Duke of Cambridge.

It being expected that it would be impossible for all the company to be accommodated with beds in the town, and that numbers would be travelling at midnight, Sir Richard Ford gave directions to all the Bowstreet Patrols, amounting to about 100, to be stationed upon all the roads leading from Windsor, as well as the main road from London. They were distributed in different parties, in numbers according to the extent of road they had to protect.

On Tuesday morning the 26th February, their Majesties gave a public breakfast at Frogmore to a great number of persons of distinction. The young Gentlemen of Eton College were likewise present. On the 17th February, the Royal Family are expected in town.

DRASSES.

The Queen. - A round dress of fine gold tissue with an inlet border about a quarter deep, richly embroidered with embossed embroidery of silver upon black velvet, of the same depths the border, entirely covered with diamonds. The sleeves were black velvet, ornamented with diamonds and point lace. Head dress to correspond.

Princess of Wales. - A most superb silver dress, richly trimmed with diamonds, and silver wreaths; the sleeves tastefully ornamented with diamond stars and armlets to correspond; the train trimmed with a rich silver fringe; also an elegant diamond belt. Over the dress was worn a most magnificent ruby and silver Grecian mantle, trimmed with broad Vandyke silver fringe. Head dress of diamonds, and feathers to correspond.

The Princess Charlotte of Wales was in plain white muslin, and looked very pretty and interesting.

Princess Augusta. - A round dress of rich white satin, with an elegant embroidered border of silver on patent lace round the train, a white satin drapery richly embroidered over one shoulder. The tassels were beautiful. The white dress displayed the most exquisite taste and delicacy.

Princess Elizabeth. - A ruby coloured velvet round dress, with a magnificent gold embroidered border round the bottom. Up the front of the dress were elegant large gold embroidered clasps, ornamented with rubies, and a large ruby in the middle of the breast. The whole dress was magnificent beyond description.

Lady Macclesfield's was a fancy head dress.

Lady Berkeley's head dress, was a white silver turban, ornamented with jewels.

Mrs. Freeman's head dress, a turban of white satin and muslin, with jewels tastefully displayed.

The three Miss Courtenay's dresses, (daughter of Lady Courtenay), long trains of white satin with curlicue dresses over of white crape, trimmed round and up the front with silver net spangled.

The whole of which was a present from Her Majesty, sent with the invitation card.

The Gentlemen were, for the greater part, dressed in the full Windsor uniform, except those who wore the military habit of their respective regiments or rank in the army. Some, however, appeared in sumptuous Court suits.

MR. SMITH AND THE YOUNG ROFCIUS.

That accomplished and much respected Gentleman Mr. Smith, formerly of Drury-lanes Theatre, has presented the Young Rofcius with a Seal of Garrick, finely engraved and a striking likeness. This is certainly the highest compliment that has yet been paid to that extraordinary and interesting youth; and the manner in which the favour has been conferred, reflects much honour on the liberal and enlightened donor. The following are the Poetic Lines, and Admonitory Note, with which the flatterings present was accompanied.

TO MASTER BETTY.

Rofcius, the boast of Rome's dramatic story,  
Left undisputed trophies of his glory?  
Not more illustrious by his scenic art,  
Than by the social Virtues of his heart.  
Our British Rofcius great and good,  
When on the summit of applause he stood,  
Melpomene and gay Thalia joined,  
To grace his talents with a taste refined?  
Whilst these immortalized his plebeian name,  
His Virtues consecrated all his fame.  
May'st thou, young Genius of the present hour,  
Whose bud anticipates to rare a flower,  
Spreading thy blossoms to a ripen'd age,  
Prove a third Rofcius to the admiring age?  
And like those states of Britain and of Rome,  
Bear thy unfaded laurels to the tomb.

MR. SMITH'S LETTER.

Young Gentleman,  
The fame of your talents has drawn an old fel-

low labourer in the thestic vineyard from his retirement, at a considerable distance, in a very advanced age; and he feels himself well rewarded for his trouble.

May your success continue, and may you live to be an honour to the Stage, and to your country.

Let me recommend to you, strict attention to the moral duties, and to the cultivation of your mind, by the Arts and Belles Lettres, without which, little improvement can be gained in your profession, much less in society.

Accept from me a seal, a strong likeness of our great predecessor Garrick; when you are acquainted with his character, keep his virtues ever in your mind, and imitate his professional talents as far as possible.

Couldst thou, in this engraved pebble trace,  
The living likeness of his plastic face;  
Whilst thy congenial spirit caught its fire,  
His magic eye would thy whole soul inspire.

A very ingenious application of mechanical principles to the rifle-gun has been made by Mr. Walker, of Norwich. He has invented a method of loading at the breech, which obviates all objections to the common mode, it being simple, perfectly safe, and little liable to want repair. Several military characters have examined and approved the invention.

The Duke of Bedford is building an elegant gateway on the London-side of Woburn, where the luxuriant condition of the plantation of firs, particularly the larch, strongly incite to the culture of that useful and beautiful tree, and demonstrate that it will thrive in sandy soils, which would not produce any thing else. In endeavouring to impress the public with the advantages derivable from the propagation of the larch, or larch tree, we sometimes have stated, that Venice, and part of Rome, were built on piles of this timber, which, on recent inspection, appeared wholly unaffected by the centuries they had remained there; and that this wood is more durable above ground than oak, or any other European timber. It is also singularly light and handsome, and from its incombustible quality, particularly adapted to domestic purposes.

The son of the unfortunate late King of Poland, arrived in town on Monday, and took lodgings at an hotel in St. James's.

COURT OF KING'S BENCH, - 13 MARCH.

HARRIS D. CLEMENTS.

Mr. Garrow stated this to be an action for defamation; the parties were both Post boys to Mr. Room, the stable-keeper; and, although he had no doubt that it would be attempted to turn his case into ridicule, yet it was a very serious matter to the Plaintiff to have his character, which was his only support, vilified and attacked in such a manner as the Defendant had done. The words upon which the action was grounded were these: "You are a Thief, and I'll prove you to be one." He even vilified the character of the plaintiff's wife, who was a very decent and industrious woman, saying, that she had been the kept mistress of a very eminent physician, a gentleman with whom the Learned Council said he was intimately acquainted, and for which calumny there was not the slightest foundation. He, therefore, trusted the jury would, by their verdict, convince the Defendant he was "to kill characters no longer, with impunity."

The words made use of by the Defendant were proved by two Witnesses; the one, Elizabeth Markham, who said she was a sort of Relation to the Plaintiff's wife.

Upon her cross-examination, it appeared she was HER SISTER!!

The other, John Stack, also proved the words. Upon his cross-examination by the SOLICITOR GENERAL, it appeared that a PENNY BARBER was somewhat concerned in the transaction. He had played some trick upon the Witness, by the instigation of the Defendant's wife, while in the act of shaving him, and he accordingly kicked the Barber out of doors.

The SOLICITOR GENERAL, for the Defendant, said, the fact simply was, that these parties had quarrelled about a whip, the stock of which belonged to one, and the thong to the other. The witness, Stack, was a friend of the Plaintiff's; he went to the Barber's to be shaved, but, not choosing to pay three halfpence, to be shaved like a GENTLEMAN, and the Defendant's wife having given the barber a hint, treated him with a penny razor, and rasped his rough face so unmercifully, that he cut and scared it in a terrible manner, for which Stack kicked him down stairs.

The Court was for some time convulsed with laughter; when silence was obtained, Lord ELLENBOROUGH told the jury they had heard the evidence, and would give such damages to the Plaintiff, as they should think proper. Damages for the Plaintiff one shilling.

Government Notifications.

FORT WILLIAM,

MILITARY DEPARTMENT, OCT. 9, 1805.  
Notice is hereby given, that the Batta and other Allowances for August 1805, and the Pay for September, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, including Benares, will be issued on or after Tuesday, the 15th Instant.

L. HOOK, Sec. to the Govt.

FORT WILLIAM,

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT, OCTOBER 9, 1805.  
Notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurer and Acting Marine Paymaster, will be furnished with Cash, to enable them to discharge the Salaries and Allowances of the Civil and Marine Departments for August last, on or after Friday the 18th Instant.

By Order of the Government,  
THOS. BROWN, Sec. to the Govt.

Notice is hereby given, that all Powers of Attorney to receive Interest on Government Securities, to sell or to receive Payment according to the course of the Treasury, of Government Securities, or to

take up Securities deposited at the Treasury, executed in any part of India, after the 31st December next, or if executed in England or elsewhere than in India, after the 30th September 1806, will be required to be drawn out in the following respective Forms, which are published for General Information.

FORM OF POWER TO RECEIVE INTEREST. KNOW ALL MEN by these Presents, that

do make, constitute, true and lawful Attorney, for and in name, and on behalf, to demand and receive all such Interest or Dividends as may have become due or may hereafter become due to from the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, on Securities of the said Company for any share in their Public Loans, or any of them, the Interest whereof is or shall be payable from their Treasury at Fort William in Bengal, and to sign a receipt or receipts for the same, and to do all lawful acts requisite for effecting the premises, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said Attorney shall do therein by virtue hereof. IN WITNESS whereof I have hereunto set Hand and Seal, this day of in the Year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and Signed, Sealed, and Delivered by preference of us.

N. B. The date is to be inserted at the time of execution, in words at length, and the place of abode, and quality of the Witnesses written against their names.

FORM OF POWER TO SELL, OR TO RECEIVE PAYMENT ACCORDING TO THE COURSE OF THE TREASURY. KNOW ALL MEN by these presents, that

do make, constitute, true and lawful Attorney in name and on behalf to Sell, Indorse, and Assign for to receive payment of the Strike out the words Sell, Endorse, Principal and Assign, where it is not intended according to the to give a power to Sell, but only to receive Payment according to the Treasury of all or any of the Securities of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East Indies for shares in their Public Loans, payable from their Treasury at Fort William in Bengal.

When it is intended to limit the sum the description of the Notes by their numbers, and amount, must be marked in this Blank to which now or may be lawfully entitled; And to receive the confide reation money, and give a receipt or receipts for the same; And to do all lawful acts requisite for effecting the premises, hereby ratifying, and confirming all that Attorney shall do therein by virtue hereof. IN WITNESS whereof I have hereunto set Hand and Seal

the day of in the Year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and Signed, Sealed, and Delivered by preference of us.

N. B. - The date is to be inserted at the time of execution, in words at length, and the place of abode and quality of the Witnesses written against their names.

FORM OF POWER TO TAKE UP, SELL, OR EXCHANGE PAPER, DEPOSITED AT THE TREASURY. KNOW ALL MEN by these Presents, that

do make, constitute, and appoint, true and lawful Attorney for and on behalf of, to receive from out of the possession of the United Company of Merchants of England Trading to the East Indies, the following Securities of the said Company, which have been deposited at their Treasury at Fort William in Bengal; that is to say.

Insert here the numbers, dates, and amount of the several Securities are required by the sub-Treasurer's Certificate.

And also for and on behalf of to sign proper Acquittances for the same; [And to Sell, Indorse, and Assign

Strike out either or both of the same, when they these clauses when it is not shall have been received, or to exchange at sell or exchange at to receive the deposited Pa- said Company for per from the Treasury other Securities of the said Company, to be issued in the name of the said or of any other person to be appointed by and for the purposes aforesaid; and for and on behalf of to make such application to the Governor General in Council at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, as is required by the Terms of the Indorsement on the said Securities And to do all other lawful acts requisite for effecting the premises hereby ratifying and confirming all that said Attorney shall do therein by virtue hereof. - In Witness whereof I have hereunto set Hand and Seal the

day of in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Signed, Sealed, and Delivered by preference of us.

N. B. The date is to be inserted at the time of execution, in words at length, and the place of abode and quality of the Witnesses written against their names.

This Regulation will not be holden to affect Powers of Attorney already allowed and acted upon at the Treasury.

M. CAMPBELL, Sub-Treasurer. GENERAL TREASURY, March 20, 1805.

FOURTEENTH ASYLUM & ROAD LOTTERY.

FOURTH & LAST DAY'S DRAWING, IN THE FIRST CLASS, Monday, the 23d Sept. 1805.

No. 4694 a Prize of 400 Star Pagodas.

Nos. 285 1364 2699 4446 Prizes of 200 Star Pagodas each.

No. 5584 being allotted last drawn Ticket 110 Pagodas, and a Prize of 20 Pagodas.

Nos. 3056 3742 3086 Prizes of 100 Star Pagodas each.

Nos. 1669 3440 4301 4857 4415 Prizes of 80 Star Pagodas each.

Nos. 218 227 978 1446 2870 2268 2180 3858 4989 4525 4266 4934 5109 5596 Prizes of 50 Star Pagodas each.

Nos. 905 1147 1737 2851 2381 2397 3471 4322 4064 Prizes of 40 Star Pagodas each.

Nos. 250 932 837 1202 1082 2880 2106 2405 3018 4160 Prizes of 30 Star Pagodas each.

Nos. 1466 1396 1192 1695 2496 2730 2875 2272 4822 5306 5777 5565 Prizes of 25 Star Pagodas each.

PRIZES OF 2 STAR PAGODAS EACH.

9	37	110	119	120	290	431
405	401	631	690	917	871	890
692	737	613	684	518	616	816
943	720	636	898	894	697	688
555	1858	1515	1029	1247	1171	1913
1880	1605	1161	1562	1572	1452	1212
1156	1023	1836	1249	1620	1345	1644
1881	1474	1733	1414	1000	1210	1031
1374	1204	1490	1980	1304	1279	1850
1748	1178	1038	1876	1827	1319	2626
2255	2416	2932	2997	2646	2839	2348
2261	2484	2732	2921	2194	2778	2886
2415	2813	2881	2483	2078	2033	2974
2625	2842	2377	2205	2814	2073	2433
2575	2544	2774	2580	2266	2865	2017
3455	3590	3071	3603	3266	3114	3380
3358	3728	3290	3796	3209	3339	3505
3431	3210	3026	3717	3076	3526	3596
3490	3637	3795	3968	3031	3243	4166
4601	4417	4916	4216	4324	4960	4122
4669	4654	4825	4629	4990	4013	4303
4797	4907	4792	4884	4551	4221	4126
4995	4086	4136	4784	4920	4184	4769
4360	4152	4712	4523	5348	5067	5262
5390	5346	5131	5602	5115	5100	5000
5594	5957	5620	5913	5439	5501	5991
5730	5376	5768	5192	5428	5887	5745
5722	5281					

Current value of Government Securities, OCTOBER 14, 1805.

	Buying.	Selling.
Six per Cents. - - - -	90	98
Old Eight per Cents. - - -	30	38
Eight per Cents. Loans of 1800. -	24	22
Do do. of 1801, 1802, 1803, & 1804. -	113	124
Ten per Cents. - - - - -	100	118
Do. for 2 years, - - - - -	Do.	Par

MARRIAGES.

On the 7th Instant, Lieutenant William Nott, of the 20th Regiment Native Infantry, to Miss Letitia Swinhoe, Daughter of Henry Swinhoe, Esq. Attorney at Law.

On the 6th instant, Mr. Benjamin Walls, of the Hon'ble Company's Marine, to Miss Maria D' Rozario Same day, Mr. William Holland, of the Hon. Company's Marine, to Mrs. Hannah Hiblock.

On the 10th instant, Mr. Francis Sabel, to Miss Brigada D' Rozario.

Same day, Mr. Peter Kincaid, to Miss Mary Healy. Also, Mr. Thomas Brown, of the Hon. Company's Marine, to Miss Maryanna D' Rozario.

On the 11th instant, John Hill, Sergeant Major in the Hon. Company's Service, to Miss Hannah Gibbs.

BIRTHS.

On the 10th Instant, the Lady of F. Hohler, Esq. of a Son.

Yesterday Mrs. D' Barron, of a Son.  
On Monday last Mrs. Cafey, of a Son.  
On Wednesday the 24th ultimo, Mrs. G. W. Chisholm, of a Son.

At Bombay, on Friday morning, the 13th September, the Lady of Charles Forbes, Esq. of a Son.

DEATHS.

On Saturday last, the 11th instant, Miss Mary Colvin, aged 6 years.

Same day Mrs. Mary Ann Brown, wife of Mr. Thomas Brown, pilot service, aged 28 years, also her daughter Sarah, aged 5 days.

On Sunday last, Mrs. E. Lewis, aged 19 years.  
On Monday last, Mr. Henry Parker, Midshipman of the ship Charlton.

Lately, Mr. Allen Bowie, Tidewater.  
At Sea, on board the Lady Jane Dundas, on the 18th June, two days before the arrival of the Fleet at St. Helena, Mrs. Buchanan, the Lady of the Reverend Dr. C. Buchanan.

In the upper Provinces, on the 16th September, with the grand army, Captain Charles Hutchinson, of the Artillery, and Ordnance to the Expence Magazine of Fort William. Captain Hutchinson was a brave, deserving and meritorious Officer, and had signalized himself in several Engagements during the present War, with the Native powers of India.

Also, at the upper Provinces, Captain Lieutenant George Yates, Adjutant and Quarter-master to the 22d Regiment Native Infantry.

Also, Lieutenants James Faw and Henry Anderfan, of the 5th Regiments of Bengal Native Infantry.  
On Thursday, the 14th ultimo, at Bombay, Mrs. Eleanor Ramsay, Wife of Lieut. J. A. Ramsay, of the Honorable Company's Marine, after short, but painful illness, which she bore with the utmost fortitude and resignation, retaining her faculties to the last.

# Supplement to the Bengal Hurkaru.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1805.

CALCUTTA GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY,

MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1805.

The following Proclamation is published by Order  
of Government.

## PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by the demise of THE MOST HONORABLE CHARLES MARQUIS CORNWALLIS, late Governor General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, which took Place at Ghauzeepore on the 5th of October, 1805; THE HONORABLE SIR GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, Baronet, has succeeded to the Office of Governor General of the Presidency aforesaid, under the Provisions contained in the Act of the 33d Year of the Reign of our most gracious Sovereign GEORGE the Third.

It is therefore hereby proclaimed, that the said Honorable Sir GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, Baronet, did on the 10th of October 1805, take charge of the said Office of Governor General of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,  
the 14th of October, 1805.

THOS. BROWN,  
Sec. to the Government.

### FORT WILLIAM,

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT, OCTOBER 14, 1805.

THE HONORABLE SIR GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, Baronet, Governor General, has nominated the Honorable GEORGE UDNY, Esq. to be Vice President and Deputy Governor of Fort William, during the Governor General's absence from the Presidency.

The Honorable GEORGE UDNY, Esq. this day took his Seat accordingly, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

In conformity with the desire of the Honorable Sir GEORGE HILARO BARLOW, Baronet, Governor General, and in virtue of the Provisions contained in Section 34, of the Act of the 33d of the Reign of His Majesty GEORGE the 3d, Cap. 52, THE HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT has summoned JOHN LUMSDEN, Esq. to assist and act at the Council Board of the Presidency of Fort William, as an occasional Member of Council.

Mr. LUMSDEN this day took the Oaths and his Seat accordingly, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

The HONORABLE THE VICE PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL has been pleased to direct Mr. THOMAS BROWN, to Act as Chief Secretary to the Government, until further orders.

By Order of the Vice President in Council,

THO. BROWN, *Actg. Chief Sec. to the Govt.*

